The Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 6.—Third Year. VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, MAY 2, 1887. No. 96

??????? WHY NOT ???????

The Finest Goods,
The Latest Styles,
The Cheapest Stock,
WITHIN 1000 MILES!

WHY NOT BUY OF

A. GILMORE,

JOHNSON STREET.

?????? WHY NOT ??????

$6 **Received To-Day,** $6

A FINE LOT OF

PANTS GOODS,

Made to Order for $6, at

LEASK & MORRISON'S,

304 Government Street.

HOTELS—VICTORIA.

THE AMERICAN HOTEL,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Established 1859. Rates $1.00 to $1.50 per day. July12 T. J. BURNES.

THE CLARENCE,

FRANK G. RICHARDS, Jr., Lessee,

Cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Tourists' headquarters. New and elegant in all its appointments. Fully supplied with all conveniences of modern hotels. First-class in every respect. Prices moderate. sep3

THE OCCIDENTAL

JOSEPH BAYLEY, Propr.

The Home from Home, cor. Wharf and Johnson streets, Victoria, B. C. Fronting on the wharves of the California, Puget Sound and Fraser steamers, Canadian Pacific and E. & N. railways. Largest and most convenient Hotel in the city. Everything new. Table well supplied. Bar and Billiard Room attached. Fireproof building. Imported Edinburgh and Burton Ales always on draught. Rates—$1 to $1.50 per day, according to location of rooms. no8 1y

THE GORDON HOTEL.

ROBERT McDERMOTT, Propr.

Johnson St., bet. Store and Wharf, where "Old Bob" will be found at his usual business of selling "Red Whiskey," but good Cigars, Hennessy Brandy, old and mellow, invite him a call.

HOTELS—VANCOUVER.

LELAND HOUSE,

VANCOUVER.

New and complete in all appointments. feb21 1m MRS. HIRSHBURG, Proprietress.

THE BURRARD HOTEL,

MARTIN & RALFOUR, Prop's,

Corner Carroll and Cordova streets, Vancouver, B.C. The only first-class hotel in Vancouver.

DOUGALL HOUSE,

JOHN DOUGALL, Propr.,

Cor. Cordova and Abbott sts., Vancouver, B. C. Finest Hotel in the city. It is a new building, containing every appliance for the protection, comfort and luxury, including fire escapes, of guests. European and American plan. Fire in all rooms. Sample room for travellers. The dining room is in charge of Mr. SCHLENK, who is unrivalled as a Caterer. dec21

THE GOLD HOUSE.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

The largest and best furnished hotel in the city. Sample and Bath Rooms and a large fireproof safe for the comfort and convenience of guests.

The Cuisine is under the immediate supervision of Mrs. Gold which is a guarantee that guests will receive every delicacy the market affords. ☞ Polite and attentive servants. mar18- EMMA GOLD, Proprietress.

HOTELS—NEW WESTMINSTER.

HOLBROOK HOUSE,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout. Conveniently situated within easy distance of railway and steamboat landings. First-class in every respect. Rates $1 to $1.50 per day. JOHN HANKIN, jan12 3m Proprietor.

HOTELS—KAMLOOPS.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

KAMLOOPS, B. C.

Is situate at the junction of North and South Thompson Rivers, and is one of the most beautiful locations in the Province. First-class accommodation for tourists. Stage meets all East and West trains. sep14 1y J. T. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

HOTELS—WINNIPEG.

NEW DOUGLAS HOUSE,

WINNIPEG, MAN.

Most conveniently situated for strangers visiting Winnipeg. Pleasant and cheerful rooms, giving a fine view of the chief thoroughfare of the city. Prices moderate for first-class accommodation. Free 'Bus. BENNETT & CO., Proprietors. sept22 3m

BARRISTERS, &c., VANCOUVER.

E. C. GOULDING,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,

Of Manitoba. Late with Fred. McKenzie Q. C., of Winnipeg. Hastings street, opposite Post Office. ap5

THOS C. SORBY,

ARCHITECT,

CORDOVA STREET, - - VANCOUVER.

Terms 5 per cent on works exceeding $1,000; a smaller works by arrangement. apr16-3m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE (two story), with business stock of Hair and Fancy Goods. Will be sold together or separately, as desired. Immediate possession can be given and furniture will be sold if required. Apply on premises to MADAME WEBSTER, Yates street, second house above Douglas street. ap21 1m

FOR SALE.—An established Hotel business with a paying trade, centrally situated within a short distance of the Post Office. A good investment for a good man with CASH. Address, for particulars, "HOTEL," TIMES office.

FOR SALE—Farm of 1450 acres; all fenced; good portion cleared and under cultivation. One of the best in British Columbia and close to the principal markets. Apply to J. F. Austin, Victoria. ap1 1m

FOR SALE.—An Acre Lot, with commodious House containing ten rooms, also Stable and Outbuildings complete, situated on Saanich and Burnside Road, about 20 minutes' walk from Post Office. Price $3,000. Also for sale, 200 acres splendid farming land at Matsqui. For particulars apply to F. SMITHMAN & Co., Government street, Victoria, or to T. D. LAWSON, Lake Island. ap12 DAW

TEAS, WINES AND SPIRITS.

JOHN BOYD,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER

in Teas, Wines and Spirits. Finest Scotch Whiskies, specially selected for their excellent qualities, are unsurpassed in the Province. P. O. 413 YATES STREET. feb4ly

Condensed Advertisements

If inserted in this page, such as Situations Vacant, Situations Wanted, For Sale, To Let, Personal, Lost and Found, and similar advertisements, when not exceeding five lines—forty words—three insertions for 50 cents, and one week (six times) for 75 cents; and if longer than one week, 75 cents additional to the foregoing per week, will be charged.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS inserted at the following special rates: Cards occupying five or seven lines space, classified, $5 per month. Each additional line, ten words, 50 cents per line per month.

Special arrangements made for advertisements not inserted every day.

WANTED.

WANTED—A strong girl for household work. Apply to Mrs. Chudley, corner Oswego and Belleville streets, James Bay, any afternoon. may2 2i

WANTED.—A girl to do housework in a small family. Wages from $10 to $15 per month. Apply to Mrs. A. E. Birdie, next door to Dr. Jackson's, head of Bird Cage walk, James Bay.

WANTED—An Office Boy. Apply to Cowan, Shaw & Co., Wharf street. ap27

WANTED.—First-class Cook wants a situation in Hotel or Restaurant; disengaged 20th May. Address, stating wages, FRANK PATON, (Chef), Glacier Hotel, B. C. ap27 8i

WANTED.—A young girl to take care of children and take care of house. Apply to A. Humber, Jr., Topaze Avenue. ap26 3i

LOST.

LOST.—A Masonic Emblem Pin set with small stones. The finder will be rewarded by leaving at the store of E. J. Salmon & Co., Johnson street. my 2-3i

TO RENT.

A COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOM, with bay window and grate; good locality. Address M., TIMES office. ap23

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS BUSINESS for sale in one of the most thriving towns of British Columbia. Purchaser must put up at least $1500 cash. None but principals dealt with. Address A. B. C., TIMES office. ap27

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA Lodge, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B. C. R.—Regular Communication the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple corner Douglas and Fisgard streets.

mar2 12m R. B. ESNOUF, Secretary.

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, Broughton street, between Government and Broad streets on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. Scotchmen are invited to join.

sep 1-1y WILLIAM SCOTT, Secretary.

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMperance Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:30 o'clock precisely. S. GRAY, President.

VANCOUVER CITY.

Wanted, in a Central part of the City, 4 business lots and 8 Suburban Residential Lots & a few acres for Market Gardens. Must be rock-bottom in price and terms. Address W. J. P., "The Times," Victoria.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE TENders up to

Noon of Thursday, 5th May,

for the erection of a three-story Brick Building facing Bastion Square.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect,
ap 25-td Government Street.

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned until 12 o'clock, AT NOON, of Saturday, May 7th, for the erection of a Frame dwelling on Menzies Street. Plans can be seen at my office after 12 o'clock, April 29th.

The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders.

E. H. FISHER,
apr 29 Architect.

STRAYED HORSE.

CAME into the premises of the subscribers, a SOREL HORSE, about nine years old. The owner, by proving property and paying expenses, can have same. If not claimed within ten days the animal will be sold to pay expenses.

WILKINSON BROS.
ap 16-3w Colquitz Farm, Burnside Road.

TO SCHOOL TEACHERS

APPLICATIONS FOR POSITIONS ON THE teaching staff of the Victoria City Public Schools, addressed to the undersigned, will be received by the Board of Trustees until noon of May 16th. Duties to commence August 1st, 1887.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
ap18 td Secretary.

NOTICE.

Neither the owner or the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the schooner Helen Blum.

A. F. CARLSON, Master.
Victoria, April 29th. ap30

Hall & Quackenbush, Vancouver, B.C., have the most complete list of business and suburban properties for sale at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Price and terms to suit all parties. Inquiries by mail promptly answered. References.

Nova Scotians!

LABRADOR HERRINGS, FINNAN HADDOCKS at NEUFELDER & ROSS.

FARMING IN CANADA.

Our Erratic System Requires a Remodeling—The Future.

The Dairy Industry—Co-operation Among Farmers an Essential.

Prof. Brown, of the Ontario School of Agriculture, Guelph, has contributed the following paper on Canadian farming to the Eastern press:

INTELLIGENT, SYSTEMATIC FARMING.

In anticipating the future of agriculture in Canada—not of necessity Ontario, because it will be by the union of every farm element and resource that we shall be able to compete successfully with other nations—says the Professor—we should gather up all important facts from every source, and contrast them with our own operations. In this way much may be learned, as the practices of farmers in older countries must be in advance of those carried on here. Present day farming in Canada is an irregular, individual pursuit, very few working on the same lines, and the result is almost exhausted land, badly cared-for stock, small crops and heavy mortgages. By the exercise of observation and intelligence our erratic system may become a profession, but before it does special education, both scientific and practical, will be necessary.

CANADA'S REPUTATION.

The world is apparently in the beginning of a revolution as to the possession and cropping of land. Old and new nations alike are feeling the great power wielded by competition." Our national energy must therefore be aroused, and the status we have already secured be not only strengthened, but widened and brought home to every husbandman. Our growing age, vigor, experience and special connections are developing matters that will bring with them some very serious considerations. The value of our average reliability in agriculture can always be held up with every measure of confidence, but it is this feature that has somewhat blunted our energies. The independence, isolation and self-reliance of the farmer must be disturbed. The reputation of Canada in some agricultural specialties has only been secured by a few hundreds of her people, the great majority doing their work in a slip-shod manner, entirely regardless of present or future consequences.

VALUE OF OUR FARMING LAND.

The non-appreciation of the value of land in Canada is a serious thing. We must of course be very charitable with the remnant of old settlers whose first experience cannot be tied with the requirements of the present day. But surely no excuse is needed for our new generations, who either leave the old for the new because the old does not respond under their management or are calling for more room, while thousands of fine acres are at their own doors untouched. Our agricultural future is as dependent upon extension as upon the improvement of present cultivation. Our legislation and education is weak in not showing how much real value is still tied up in the uncultivated portions throughout the older districts.

CO-OPERATION AMONG FARMERS.

Every country is now alive to the fact that co-operation among farmers is absolutely essential to success in these keen competitive times. The discussion of co-operation may be said to be old, but what is wanted is how best to secure such a system in certain branches as will result most favorably. It may be too much to expect that a piece of land about 3000 by 500 miles should agree to produce certain things for a number of years, either in self-defence or in order to make most money by them, but there seems to be no physical or commercial difficulty against such an association by districts as would realize the highest individual, and therefore national, benefits. For example, the present system of cheese making by factories could be copied in principle for a certain kind of grain, or even live stock, such as horses for the British army. The same thing is being done well in butter production, and no doubt our people will very soon systematize co-operation so as to cover the great field of soil products in all its variety.

THE DAIRY INDUSTRY.

Then again it appears reasonable and self-evident that Canada must extend her annual agricultural production, in view of the many millions everywhere that are in some respects better situated for work during the year. We do not claim that our winters and summers are not the best on an average, though we must bow to the fact of comparatively cheaper production elsewhere in several crops, and it is this very thing that should stimulate us to the annual extension, because we know the winter especially will enable us to excel in reliability and better articles. It would not be difficult to show how, in the matter of butter alone, Canada could equal any other country in its annual quantity and quality, largely by the extension of the creamery system through winter. All our summer cropping, house management and live stock appliances clearly indicate this line of work in the near future. Some of our best farmers are doing so already, and no time should be lost on the part of our experts and Governmental authorities in advocating the system thus briefly indicated. Not butter only, but the growth of young cattle could be more favorably carried out. It is only by such developments that we shall realize justly our international position of the "per acre per annum."

THE EXPERIMENTAL FARMS.

And just here we should consider how much we have yet to find out in the properties of foods for all classes of live stock. Surely two years hence, when the Dominion will likely be in the hands of no less than six experimental stations, farmers will be getting a deal of information from these institutions. Not long ago a farmer said he was receiving thirty-five pounds of milk per head daily from each of seven common cows, and making butter at the rate of one and one-quarter pounds per day from each. Feeding was the cause, he said, and he thought no experimental farm could possibly do better. He was highly intelligent, but maybe he failed to measure the proper office of an experiment that should only be given to the world through the exact animal influence; the foods used, cost of production and the other items that a proper conjunction of science and practice always demands.

SAFE ENOUGH.

The nature of future Canadian crops is not likely to be one of much change all over, though no doubt subject to specialties by sections. When dairying is fully matured amongst us it will be accompanied by so much better pasture and so much better winter green fodders, without which we cannot possibly hope to obtain quantity and quality of cow products cheap enough. The maintenance of cereals is now of more importance than ever. Wheat even demands more skill for quantity and quality, and no farmer anywhere can neglect the coarser grains, even for direct consumption. Admitting that finished beef, fit for exportation, will not fetch over four cents next May, is it not true that nearly all flesh production is but a means to an end, and that end is the maintenance of soil fertility? Canadian agriculture is a very decided thing. Rapid wholesale changes are not desirable. Firm, active progress is imperative. A better appreciation of our bright spots and weaknesses is commendable, and with a sharp eye on all other competitors Canadian agriculture is safe enough.

PARLIAMENTARY.

A Few Rambling Notes from the Gallery—Distinguished Heads.

The diagram of the House of Commons published in Saturday's TIMES was greatly appreciated by our readers. At a glance the position occupied by each member in the assembled council of the nation was apparent. Referring to the Chamber an intelligent correspondent writes that on the right of the Speaker are to be observed Sir Adolphe Caron and Sir Hector Langevin, both busy at their desks with heaps of paper. Next, Sir John and Sir Charles Tupper, the former dapper and alert, arrayed in grey Scotch plaid, the suit that he affects when in trim and good-humored. Sir Charles looks particularly well and strong, clothed in perfect black, with scarcely a gray hair, and putting on and off his golden folders to read. Behind these, the familiar head of the Minister of the Interior, and on the same line Hon. Mr. Pope, rising to answer dry railway questions, with glasses pendant in hand, and next the well known form of the Secretary of State. The florid Nicholas Flood Davin is at once a subject of attraction. Mr. Dalton McCarthy, the Government's confidant amongst the members, is reclining in his seat, with limbs elevated slightly and slouched hat over his eyes pondering over the incubation of some other such abortive measure as the Canada Temperance Act. Other members of note are noticeable. When The Chisholm of the House arises his great height attracts attention. Mr. Mara is apparently the most industrious member of the Chamber, for he is constantly at his desk writing. The delegation from the Northwest are an improvement on the former representatives. Mr. Daly, of Brandon, and Mr. Davin will frequently be heard from. British Columbia members are not given to loquacity. Mr. Mara has yet to be heard from. It is believed he will acquit himself in such a manner as will bring no discredit on the Province.

THE OPPOSITION SIDE.

Opposite, to the Speaker's left, the eye first lights on the leaders of the opposition. Mr. Blake in spectral glasses, with the dark tuft on the left brow, square shouldered and massive; and Mr. Laurier, slight, handsome and serene. Then Mr. Mackenzie, erect and immovable, looking much better than usual, and Sir Richard Cartwright, with the piercing spectacles and flowing whiskers. Mr. Mitchell has been promoted to a front seat beside Mr. Charlton, whose amended Seduction bill he seconds. The member for Northumberland wears a shining stovepipe, being one of half a dozen members who sit covered *a la* Hartington. Mr. William Patterson, of Brant, one of the most popular men in the House, is turning slightly grey. So far he has said nothing. Mr. David Mills is pouring over some volume on constitutional or legal lore. As he is receiving a dressing down from an opponent in the right of the Speaker, or on his own side of the House, he raises his head as if asking what does it all mean?

A FEW GOOD HEADS.

You next pick out a few good heads. There is Mr. Walter Shanly, of South Leeds, sharp and refined; Mr. John J. Curran, who has a shapely crown; Mr. Edgar, the poetical rival of Senator Plumb; Mr. Coursol; Mr. Davies, of Prince Edward, and Mr. Prefontaine, of Chambly. Mr. Weldon, of St. John, is a striking figure, with an inquisitorial turn, having a page at his side, whipping off no less than five questions in rapid succession to the Speaker. Altogether the aspect of the House is a satisfactory study. How does it compare with other similar bodies? It is safe to say that not even the British Parliament can make a better showing, and Canadians have reason to be proud of their House of Commons. All those who can manage it should make a trip to Ottawa to see it in session, and they will come away with a better impression than they can receive from mere reading. Not that those who supply the reading are to be overlooked. In a long gallery of their own, over the line of the Speaker's chair, they sit with ready pencil, taking note of all that is said and done, giving fame to many that would otherwise pass unobserved. All the leading papers are represented by bright men, several of them fit to sit below and assist in the ruling of the nation.

Coughs and Colds.

A great many citizens and children are at present suffering from coughs and colds. A common cold is not only unpleasant, but it frequently leads to serious consequences. Catarrh is also one of the most unpleasant, and in this country, with bronchitis, one of the most common of ailments. An eminent eastern physician says an ordinary cold may be broken up in 24 hours and catarrh relieved by pills compounded as follows:

R.—Quinine sulphatis.....gr. xviij.
Liquoris arsenicalis.....mxij.
Liquoris atropinæ.....mj.
Extracti gentianæ.....gr. xx.
Pulveris gummi acaciæ, q. s. ut fient pelulæ xii.

Take one pill every three, four or six hours, according to the severity of the attack.

From Alaska.

The steamship Olympian arrived at Port Townsend at 7 a. m. Saturday morning. She brought down $80,000 in gold, the product of the Treadwell mine for April. This mill is running constantly night and day, only white labor being employed. The Union Co., a Boston concern, is erecting a sixty stamp mill on a continuation of the Treadwell lead, and at Berner Bay a mill 400-ton capacity will be put up by Johnson & Price. All the miners, many of whom were British Columbians, have left Juneau for the Yukon. The Olympian made the round trip in 8 days and 20 hours, the fastest on record.

O'BRIEN IS COMING!

Lord Dufferin and His Tenants—Land and Sea Blockade Ordered.

Heavy Emigration—Presentation to Schnaebels Protested Against.

O'BRIEN SAILS.

QUEENSTOWN, May 1.—Wm. O'Brien, editor of the *United Ireland*, and Mr. Kilbride, one of the tenants evicted, sailed for New York to-day. In the course of his remarks Mr. O'Brien said he carried with him the full approval of the Irish people. He felt that when Irish liberty loving Canadians heard the account of Lord Lansdowne's cruelties to his tenants they would not tolerate their being governed by such a man.

OPPOSE A PRESENTATION.

PARIS, May 1.—M. Schnaebels has returned to his home. The *Temps*, and many other journals, deprecate the idea of the public subscribing to present him with a diamond cross.

THE SCHNAEBELS AFFAIR.

In an interview with Schnaebels he insisted that he threw off the German protection and ran to French territory before he was arrested. He said the German detectives threatened to shoot him if he resisted. He confirmed Gautsche's statement that the latter was also arrested. Schnaebels was kept in absolute ignorance of everything while in prison. He was liberated at 9 p. m. during an exceptionally severe storm which woke him from sleep. He refused to say anything about the charges against him. He said the arrest was illegal. Gautsche accompanied him on the train as far as Moviant, where after an excited conversation Gautsche was overheard to say: "Upon my oath you wrong me. I am innocent." At this Schnaebels shrugged his shoulders and uttered an expression of rage and contempt, and burst into a loud laugh and exclaimed that if Gautsche skipped out his action partakes more of that of an idiot.

DUFFERIN AND HIS TENANTS.

LONDON, May 1.—Lord Dufferin in replying to a petition from his tenants for a reduction in rents promises to consider the petition favorably if they experience another bad season.

HEAVY EMIGRATION.

LONDON, May 1.—During the past week 2,617 emigrants left Queenstown for America. The total for April was 11,854 against 6,656 for April of last year.

A LAND AND SEA BLOCKADE.

ROME, May 1.—Advices from Massowah are that General Saltata, the Italian Commander, had proclaimed a land and sea blockade.

CHRISTIANS AND TURKS.

LONDON, April 30.—Advices from Crete report that a fight between a band of Turks and a number of Christians resulted in several deaths. The Turks kidnapped a Christian girl and were attacked by her friends.

BURNED AND LOOTED.

Advices received say that Governor Soo, of the Loo Islands, and force of 900 Europeans and native troops, aided by a Spanish ship attacked several thousand natives at Maibory and took many prisoners. A large number of guns also fell into Spanish hands. Maibory was burned and looted. Only the Chinese were spared. There were heavy losses on both sides. This the native chiefs have fully admitted.

DEATH OF A DISTINGUISHED SURGEON.

The death is announced of Athanase Leon Gosselinat, the distinguished Irish surgeon.

EARLY MARRIAGES.

What a Correspondent Thinks About Green Human Calves Running at Large.

"Julia" writes to THE TIMES as follows: Right you are young man, who has just concluded to take unto himself one of Eve's fair daughters for a wife. It is the correct and proper thing to do. Get her at once if you have a reasonable prospect of being able to pay for double tickets on the journey of life. If possible get one with a level head, warm heart and an industrious pair of hands; but don't forget about the hands. If you are well mated, young man, you can get along better with than without a companion. Let me, however, whisper in your ear that going it double through life's battle brings some serious responsibilities. But if you are of the right kind you need not fear these responsibilities, for they are likely to be little ones; but it may be as well for you to be made aware of the fact that they will exist. All marriages are not happy ones. It is known that nine-tenths of the unhappy unions, called marriage, are the result of verdant calves running at large in the society pastures without any yokes on them. They marry and have children before they have moustaches; they are fathers possibly of a pair of children before they own a pair of trousers, and the little girls they marry are old women at 21. Occasionally we hear of one of these gosling marriages turning out all right; but I believe it to be a clear case of luck. Several of the young ladies of Victoria wish there was a law against young galoots sparking and marrying before they have cut their eye teeth. But should the government in its wisdom pass such a law we doubt its being enforced, for the little fellows would evade it in some way or other. Failing in putting such a law into force the marriageable young ladies of my circle have resolved to create a sentiment against the intrusion of these goslings into our society. It is time enough for these bantams to think of finding a pullet when they have raised enough money to buy a bundle of laths to build a hen house. But they see a girl who looks terribly cunning, and they are afraid there is not going to be enough of us to go all round, and then they begin to fret and becoming desperate they go to work real spry, and before they actually know it, or give any study to the sanctity of the marriage relation they are hitched for life, for better or for worse, before they own a cook stove or a bedstead. When sickness overcomes the family in the night and they are compelled to get up and run for the doctor, so frightened are they that they run themselves out of breath and abuse the doctor because he does not run too. When they reach the house, I am informed by a medical acquaintance, there is not enough lines in it wherewith to wrap up the baby doll. This, and much more I would say Mr. Editor, but for the present I will refrain, as it is time I was putting on the kettle to cook my humble meal and provide something for Tibby, my sole and only companion of the feline tribe.

KAMLOOPS' SOCIAL NEWS.

Breaks in the Social Circle—New Arrivals—Sunday Observance—The Benedicts.

(From a Correspondent.)

KAMLOOPS, April 29.—The little centre of social life at Kamloops is about to lose two of its hardest working and most important members, the Rev. D. H. W. Horlock, vicar of Kamloops, and Mrs. Horlock. The church has seen fit to order their return to England. Consequently regret is mutual on the part of themselves and the people generally. As a practical outcome of appreciation of their loving services during the past two years, a handsome presentation is being got up for each. That for Mr. Horlock is to take the form of a gold watch, perhaps to remind the reverend gentleman, if he require reminding, that "time is fleeting" and the "night approaching in which no man can work." It is the offering of the members of the lodge of the ancient and honorable order of Freemasons, of which order Mr. H. is a past master. Mrs. Horlock's gift is from admiring lady friends, who can one and all testify that it is a richly deserved tribute; her exertions in behalf of the public welfare having been untiring. No suitable article being obtainable in Kamloops (which is a reflection on the town) the money is to be entrusted to the lady that she may select to her own taste. As we give God speed to our parting friends it will devolve upon us to haste to welcome the coming ones who are to be their successors, the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Sheldrick, of Spallumcheen, and make easy their introduction to their new and enlarged sphere of labor.

The Presbyterian members of the community are soon to have a resident clergyman, Rev. I. Chisholm, of Nicola Lake, and his family purpose taking up their abode here early in May. Mr. C. is an indefatigable worker and Mrs. C. will be a welcome addition to Kamloops society.

The discussion on the Sunday observance question has been read with great interest by the *Inland Sentinel's* subscribers. The vicar gets the worst of it too. So much has already been remarked by wiser than we, that we shall only add: All honor to him who had the moral courage to come forward and take the bull by the horns, or in other words take the initiative in a question so likely to kick up a dust.

Not many months ago Kamloops could not muster children enough to support a public school. Now a building which was erected for educational purposes is found to be too small to accommodate the numbers which flock to the seat of learning. An addition to the building is called for, as well as an assistant teacher. We suggest that the bland presentor of the public school take the permanent help-meet, who, dame rumor says, patiently awaits him in the east. Whether she is a mythical or a real being nobody seems to know; but we do know that our learned pedagogue "dearly loves the lasses o'!" (of Kamloops.)

Several of the young men of the city seem to have profited by the wise advice given them in our local paper some time ago, as bachelors' halls, orphans' homes and Hermits' cells are being ruthlessly broken up in favor of forming family circles. Ever prompt in action they are preparing to cast aside the stigma of the disgrace it is "never at all too late to be gettin' a wife." One of them, well known and highly respected, is, in a few days, to take unto himself a better, 'tho a very much smaller half. We tender many good wishes to him and his diminutive bride.

Cupid's darts have not smitten the young men alone. Report says one of the candidates for political honors has been captivated by a charming widow of rather doubtful age. We hope his wooing will have a more favorable termination than had his last political contest. However, the gentleman is not easily daunted, as is evidenced by his again entering the lists. The elegant residence he is building will surely complete the conquest of the widow's heart. Indeed we should imagine matters were finally arranged, for what does an old bachelor want with a house all for himself?

A mania for driving seems to have seized some of our young men. We heard of one, now a noted John, who drove a few ladies something less than one hundred miles during the holidays succeeding the Lenten fast. He was not at all selfish either for he invited none other of his own sex to share his pleasure. Could such an unmitigated display of the manly virtues go unrewarded? Was there not one feeling of compunction to trouble his conscience?

On the same holiday occasion a little party did St. Paul's mountain. It consisted this time of an equal number of gentlemen and ladies, who set out bright and early. Many rests were taken and many wishes expressed by faint-hearted or feeble-limbed ones that they had remained behind in the valley with less ambitious brethren. At last the summit—the coveted goal—was reached, a fire lighted and the many good things provided done ample justice to, each one wondering at the enormity of his appetite. The reverend gentleman who marshalled the party became quite overpowered with the rarity of the air and the magnificence of the views and at great personal risk to themselves was assisted in his perilous descent by his companions. In spite of all drawbacks, after the common plain was reached, all expressed themselves satisfied with the day's outing and no doubt all resumed their occupations with renewed vigor.

As an advocate for social reform we respectfully propose that ladies living in the suburbs follow the example of at least one of their sisters by setting apart one day in the week for an "At Home." Kamloops cannot yet boast of street cars, elevated railways, or many public or private carriages, and ladies, in order to fulfil their obligations, have some long and dusty walks. At the end of one how disappointing it is to find only a Celestial, or other hireling in charge, who, of course, never dreams of inviting callers to step in and rest. The weary length of road has to be dragged over again without the rest, or even a friendly cup of tea, to invigorate them for the return journey, and how much such a refreshment is needed in hot and dusty Kamloops only those can say who have had the experience mentioned.

By the way, what has become of our resident Judge? We fail to find his residence in Kamloops. Judging from the number of "send offs" given to parties leaving, Kamloops is an extremely friendly and hospitable dwelling-place. We understand that no less than two dinners and a dance were given to a gentleman and his wife leaving for the United States. Should it happen that circumstances transpire to cause our making a change of country advisable or obligatory, we hope to be wined and dined in similar fashion. H. R. S.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

SNOW STORM IN UTAH.

SALT LAKE, May 1.—A heavy snow storm came up this morning and continued in squalls about twelve hours.

PORTLAND AND SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—Commencing with to-day an additional train was put on the California & Oregon road, which will be known as the Portland express, and will leave here every day at 4 p. m. The trip can now be made in forty hours between the two cities.

SUPPOSED TO HAVE SUNK.

AMHERSTBURG, Ont., May 1.—The schooner Louie O'Neill, for Coo's Landing, which left Buffalo on Wednesday, with a crew of eight men, is believed to have sunk in Lake Erie, off Port Stanley, in the furious gale of last Thursday night.

UNFOUNDED RUMOR.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The rumored engagement of Sir Lionel Sackville West, the British Minister, to Miss Mitchell, daughter of the Oregon Senator, is pronounced untrue by Miss Mitchell.

Small-Pox Suspected.

The Geo. W. Elder arrived about 2:30 p. m. from San Francisco. Dr. Jackson, Health Officer, after making the customary inspection, ordered the vessel into quarantine, a woman and child having been discovered on board who showed symptoms of small-pox. The child had eruptions on its face and neck, and was in this condition when taken on board at San Francisco. Dr. Jackson is not prepared to say that the disease is small-pox, as it has not advanced sufficiently to determine its character accurately; but as the symptoms are very like the first stage of that dread disease, he prudently ordered the vessel into quarantine, to await developments. A more minute examination will be made to-morrow, and possibly the Elder may have to remain at her anchorage off Albert Head for two or three days, or until the disease has fully developed itself. The inconvenience and annoyance to the passengers will no doubt be very great, but under the circumstances no other course could be taken.

The Premier.

THE TIMES regrets to state that the health of the honorable, the Premier and Attorney-General, is not as satisfactory as the numerous friends of that gentleman could wish for. He is not recovering as rapidly as his medical advisers would like from his recent attack of inflammation. While there is nothing to cause alarm in his condition there is sufficient to create a feeling of uneasiness. It is to be hoped a change of climate for a short time may have the desired effect in restoring him to his wonted health. He has not been robust or strong for some time and the late illness gave his constitution a severe strain.

California Trade.

The San Francisco *Bulletin*, which devotes much time and space to trade statistics of the coast, gives the imports at San Francisco from British Columbia for the quarter ending March 31, 1887, as $317,300. During the same time of 1886 the amount was $212,560; a gain this year of $104,800. The amount of specie exported from the Province to California during the same quarter of 1887 was $60,880.

A brisk trade in rice meal has sprung up with the Golden State, and most of it imported to San Francisco comes from this city.

Taking the C. P. R. R.

A large party from Seattle and Sound points came over to-day by the North Pacific. They are en route for Chicago, via the Canadian Pacific Railway. At Port Moody a special Pullman sleeper has been chartered by them, and from that point they will reach Chicago without a change of coach. They will take the Louise to-night for the Inlet and leave for the east by to-morrow's Atlantic express.

What's Wrong?

It is a peculiarity of late with the W. U. line that it becomes refractory in the middle of the day. Occasionally going out of order is nothing new, but it is surpassing strange for to be told almost daily that the Western Union wires are down somewhere between the boundary and Seattle. The necessity for an alternative line is becoming every day apparent.

Another Scare in Seattle.

Seattle last Saturday had another Chinese expulsion scare. As a precautionary measure Gov. Semple issued a proclamation in favor of law and order. He directed due order to Gen. Hill to see that the proclamation was observed. Mob law evidently will find no resting place in Seattle.

Fell from the Roof.

A carpenter engaged in shingling the roof of Mr. Storey's new cottage on Fisgard street, to-day, slipped and fell to the ground. He was considerably shaken up, but not seriously injured.

The Russian Government intend to double the coal duty from half to one copeck gold per pound.

Taunton has the honor of being the first and only town at present in England of being completely illuminated by the electric light instead of gas.

An automatic toll-taking device for public telephones is being subjected to experiments. The idea is the dropping of a coin of sufficient size and weight will complete the current.

An iron combination is being formed in Chicago to work the immense iron deposits in Ontario on the Central Ontario and Canadian Pacific Railways.

It is announced as a highly important and interesting fact connected with the manufacture of incandescent lamps, that the coefficients of expansion of platinum and glass are the same. Platinum now enters into the construction of all these lamps.

A new steam engine has two pistons in the steam cylinder which advance toward and recede from each other, there being a rotary valve in the steam chest pitmen connected with crank arms placed at right angles to each other on the main shaft and reversing gear for the rotary valve, the steam being applied so as to avoid dead centres.

The manufacture of sword blades in the United States is practically ended by the determination of the Ames Sword Company to discontinue making them, and to import them from Germany, where they can purchase them cheaper than they can manufacture them.

THE DAILY TIMES,

PUBLISHED EVERY LEGAL AFTERNOON,

By the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Lim'td.

At the Office of Publication, Yates Street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS:

Delivered by Carriers in any part of the city, by the week, for ..... 25 cts
If paid in advance, one year for $10 00
" " " six months 5 50
" " " Three months 3 00
Mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain, daily, per annum $9 00
Subscribers by the week will oblige by paying the collector promptly.

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Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

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Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

When mailing money, letters should be registered to insure safety.

Address,
THE TIMES P. & P. CO., Ltd.,
Victoria, B. C.
J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Monday, May 2, 1887.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

Latest advices from New York and other eastern commercial circles are to the effect that the money and stock markets are very unsettled. Speculators in stocks are still uncertain what effect the Inter-State Commerce Bill will have upon railroad earnings, and so are rather chary in their dealings. In the other markets we observe that wheat rose three-eights, hogs an eight, lard a sixteenth and pork half a dollar per barrel, while cotton was strong, though print cloths were an eighth lower. Sugar, too, was generally steady in price, although crushed fell a sixteenth. Iron had a similar experience, for while it kept steady, certificates declined 37 cents, and nails fell off twelve cents. Oil, too, declined 1 1-8 ct. Coffee advanced a quarter Silver rose 1-16d. per oz., but tin and lead fell a little. The official reports set down the net exports of the eight months of last year's crop at 114,477,499 bushels, against 61,445,195 bushels during the same period of last year. If the exports continue at the same rate during the remainder of the year it is thought that the surplus of wheat will not exceed 50,000,000 bushels. Then the balance of trade for March was very favorable to the United States. The exports of cotton, breadstuffs, provisions, cattle and petroleum amounted in value to $47,599,627, as compared with $37,479,160 during March, 1886. It is somewhat confidently expected that merchandise exports this year will exceed similar imports by about $1,500,000. Referring to the monetary outlook the New York *Commercial Advertiser* states that three per cent. bonds of that city lately sold at 104.6 and says "it is not a healthy sign of the times that in this young and growing country those who have money to invest prefer to accept a guaranteed profit of 2½ or 3 per cent. on their capital rather than use it in business." The *Advertiser* thinks that this is due at least in part to the alarm caused by the present relations of labor and capital. These undoubtedly have much effect, but they are not the only causes of the great reduction in what the *Advertiser* calls the wages of capital. The high artificial conditions of business in the United States, caused by a mistaken commercial policy and by the creation of monopolies and rings which control railroad systems, the production and supply of coal, iron, petroleum, etc., and constantly disturb and derange the markets for the staple agricultural products and the great manufactures, create so much danger and uncertainty that many capitalists shrink from putting their means at the mercy of those who manipulate much of the business of the country. There would be ample room in the United States for the safe and profitable employment of five times as much capital as is now invested in that country if monopolies were destroyed and free effect were given to the laws of trade.

SALISBURY ON PROTECTION.

Lately but little has been heard of the agitation for protection in England. A few days since Lord Salisbury gave those who were agitating for protection to the agriculturists of that country a severe snubbing. In the course of a debate in the House of Lords on the redemption of tithes, a reference was made to the Prime Minister's recent reply to a memorial, hinting at protection very vaguely, and he took occasion to speak out on the subject more plainly than he has ever done before. "I am very anxious," he said, "that my agricultural friends, with whose sufferings I have the greatest sympathy, should not imagine that it is within the range of practical politics that protection can be restored in this country. I believe that the injury caused will be great if they imagine that such a thing can be done." He went on to explain that, even if the Conservative party were converted to protection, it would not be enough, because men could not venture to invest their money on the chance of duties being put on and kept on agricultural produce unless the policy of protection was accepted by both parties in the country. This warning is very seasonable, and it must do good. The farmers ought to see that they are being led after a mere will-o'-the-wisp. A more practical question for farmers in England is dealt with in the government Tithe bill, which, if made law, will compel landlords instead of tenants to pay tithes, amounting, as a rule, to from 3s. to 5s. an acre, and sometimes to as much as 10s. When the Tithe Commutation act was passed it was intended that tenants who would pay the rent charge on behalf of landlords (who were supposed to be liable) shall be entitled to deduct the amounts from rents; but, like nearly all the burdens, tithe has been shifted on to the tenants. No doubt they pay less rent in consequence, as they reckon the tithe when they take farms; but lately they have been getting great reductions in rents, whereas they very rarely get any reduction in tithes. But where they will be most benefitted by the proposed change is in cases in which rents are now too high, so that when landlords have to pay tithes directly they will not be able to raise rents in proportion. Thus, in numbers of cases, the tenants will get off paying tithes without having to pay any additional rent instead. This will be quite fair, because rents are a great deal too high in most parts of England—much higher than in Ireland, where such a fuss is made about them.

THE FLOW OF EMIGRATION.

This year's emigration to Canada, and especially Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia, is certain to be larger than it has been for several years in the past. This is gratifying to every lover of his country. Without people and population the country will practically amount to nothing. There can be no questioning the vast areas of arable and pastoral lands in the Northwest in virgin condition awaiting the husbandman, who will yet till its rich and productive soil. In our own province are to be found extensive valleys clothed in rich verdure for the sustenance of man and beast. The mountains and the bowels of the earth are known to possess untold wealth. But to render all these of advantage to the country they must be made productive, and man only can do that. With the climate of the Northwest and other portions of the Dominion people frequently become dissatisfied. They cannot withstand the cold. The winters, they assert, freeze all the vitality in a man out of him. Next we hear of them moving either to this coast or going south. They run from frost to fever, virtually escaping from one difficulty by getting into another and a much worse one. A contemporary says that people who might have more sense often have a similar experience in changing their place of residence. Whenever you see an ill-balanced, poorly constructed man, when he had made up his mind that his own town was the poorest place in all creation, and some neighboring place the best, observe the nonsense he will talk about the new place. At last he moves; but he finds no loaves hanging to the limbs of the new place as he expected. The golden eagles are not to be found lying loose on its streets; its inhabitants, like himself, are human. At last he finds out, and to his utter disgust, that in the new town he needs money and must go to work to get it. It is the working class of emigrants that this country wants. Stalwarts who are not afraid to roll up their sleeves and tackle the mighty monsters of the forest, and from their embrace hew out for themselves farms and homes for their families and future generations. Nowhere else on the North American continent is there such a fine field for the enterprising tiller of the soil as there is in British Columbia. The climate, upon the whole is preferable to that of any other section in the Dominion. The field is a wide one. Then, young men of the East, come to this coast instead of crossing the line. If you are of the proper stamp the step you will never regret.

It is stated that one half of the wealth of Great Britain and Ireland is held by persons who leave at least £20,000 at death, and only one-tenth by those whose estate are proved under £1,000. The persons in easy circumstances, between £1,000 and £20,000 represent 40 per cent. of the nation.

In an interview with Hon. Mr. Carling, Minister of Agriculture, he said it is his present intention to accompany Prof. Saunders to Manitoba and the Northwest at the close of the session to make the best selection possible of experimental farm stations. Preparations are going on daily for the advancement of work in the district.

The Commissioners on the Inter State Commerce Bill are getting into a complete muddle in executing the duties which devolve upon them. They have voluntarily placed a limitation upon their own powers, and now announce that they cannot give preliminary judgments on any points. Yet under the 13th section of the Act they are authorised to "institute any inquiry on their own motion * * * as though complaint had been made."

The commercial world to a considerable extent, is inclined to rely upon consular reports as a means of obtaining information relative to matters affecting the export trade of the various countries. The best means of improving the consular system so as to render it a more important aid to commerce have been frequently discussed, both in the Dominion, the United States and in England. Hitherto the chief complaint in reference to these reports has been of their slowness. This was more especially manifest in the case of the British service. In an English paper recently serious charges were made touching the character of the reports furnished by the various consuls. The lack of proper men to do the work of consuls has evidently caused trouble. The paper mentioned published a letter from a member of parliament showing the utter groundlessness of some reports made by the British consular agent at Santiago, and indicating that in this direction, at least, reform is necessary. It seems to be the habit of many consuls to arrive at conclusions without sufficient study, and to construct from such erroneous conclusions certain theories about trade laws.

VICTORIA HOUSE.

Closing Out Sale
OF
DRY GOODS,
COMMENCING
SATURDAY, 2nd APRIL,
And continuing until the whole Stock is disposed of.

THE GOODS ARE RE-MARKED
At Prices to Ensure a Speedy Clearance.

WILLIAM DENNY.
The Store for Lease. mar30

Spring Tweeds
AND
SUPERB TROUSERINGS
JUST RECEIVED.

A. GREGG & SON,
ARTIST TAILORS,
Yates Street, - - - Opposite Langley.
feb11

New Goods! Everything New!
Ladies' Jubilee Shoes, Men's Hand Sewed Opera,
The Celebrated Walkemphast.
Spring Heel, French Kid, Hand Sewn,
Louis XV, Neilson, Tenacious Pat Lawn Tennis
--AT--
GEO. H. MAYNARD'S,
FORT STREET.

CHANGE OF BUSINESS.

Having sold the Stock of Merchandise and Good-Will of the business heretofore carried on by me to Messrs.

ANGUS & GORDON,

I hereby thank the public of Victoria and customers throughout the country for the liberal patronage they favored me with, and solicit a continuance of the same for my successors.
April 18th, 1887. A. OFNER.

Referring to the above, we beg to say that we will carry on the business in the same manner as our predecessor, Mr. Ofner, did, and will, with an increased stock, be enabled to give our customers entire satisfaction in every respect.
ap19 ANGUS & GORDON.

SPRING GOODS,
JUST ARRIVED.
INSPECTION SOLICITED.
BAKER'S BON MARCHE,
mar21 D&W 6m Government Street.

CHEAP EMBROIDERIES.
Just received, a large quantity of Manufacturers' Remnants of
SWISS EMBROIDERIES.
Columbia House,
Corner of Fort and Broad Streets.

Yorkshire Market,
ESTABLISHED 1858.
W. W. EVANS & CO.,
Yates Street, between Government and Broad.
Best and Park Packers. Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon. Pure Leaf Lard. Every class of goods pertaining to the business. nov27 1y

TOWN OF FARWELL
Lots for Sale.
ALLSOP & MASON.

ANNOUNCEMENT!
If you will call on us you will find that our Stock of BOOTS and SHOES is well-selected throughout. We make a SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING; for neatness we cannot be beat. You will find us at
112 Government Street. IRVING BROS.

The Cash Store!
ERSKINE'S
Boot and Shoe Emporium,
Corner Government & Johnson Sts.
BEST VALUE IN TOWN.

Hats, Hats, Hats.
From the Finest Fur to the Cheapest Wool,
MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS.
All Styles in American, English and Canadian Stiff & Soft Hats.
B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Johnson St., between Broad & Douglas.
mar14

John Weiler,
MANUFACTURER OF
FURNITURE
OF ALL GRADES,
And Importer of
Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Carpets, Oilcloth, Linoleum,
AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
AGENT FOR DOMINION
WIRE MATTRESSES,
Only Mattress Manufactured in Canada using Oil Tempered Springs; awarded First Prize wherever exhibited, and testimonials from leading institutions throughout the whole Dominion. Call and examine them. Also
IRON BEDSTEADS
Combined with above Mattress.
The Trade Supplied at Lowest Rates.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
P. O. Box 218, Victoria, B. C.
jan26

THE OLD RELIABLE
JOHN BULL
BITTERS.
UNEQUALLED.
A. B. GRAY & CO.,
VICTORIA,
Sole Agents for British Columbia
nov26 D&W

FOR SALE,
Craigflower Steam Mills
Now doing a good business. Capable of making the best article of
OATMEAL
In the Province. Also,
A PEARL BARLEY MILL.
Together with a SAWMILL, 62-inch Saw. An Oatmeal Miller will find this a rare opportunity.
Apply to
sep21 D. F. ADAMS.

Kings Head Beer Hall,
JOHNSON STREET.
THE old favorably well known House has been splendidly renovated and ranks now amongst the finest fitted up Houses in the town. Wm. White late of the Fountain Saloon, will be happy to see all his old friends and acquaintances, and the aim of the establishment shall be, as in the past, to make the above resort in every respect as comfortable for their guests as possible.
DOERING AND WHITE.
BEER A SPECIALTY. FIVE CENTS A GLASS. feb19

S. S. HYAMS,

OPTICIAN, 307 Fort Street, between Broad and Douglas, Victoria, B. C.
Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty-five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. ☞ OPTICAL GOODS EVERY DESCRIPTION. de29 1m.

BROWN'S
Climax Washing Powder.
Awarded First Prize at B. C. Exhibition. Increased sales. REDUCED PRICES. Large packages, 40c; do. small, 20c
FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.
W. JACKSON, Jr. Manufacturer's Agent corner Broad and Johnson streets. mr8

COMPLETE REVOLUTION
IN
Monumental Work
WHITE BRONZE
MONUMENTS

Drawings and testimonials may be seen at the Office of the Agents for Victoria.
H. G. & R. WALKER,
nov20 D&W 6m Spencer's Arcade

Samuel May & Co.,
TORONTO
Manufacturers of
Billiard & Pool Tables,
With Steel and Monarch Cushions.
Importers of and Dealers in all kinds of
BILLIARD MATERIAL
Ten Pin Alley Balls Pins, &c.
Always in stock the B. C. Agency.
H. G. & R. WALKER,
Spencer's Arcade, Victoria.

FOR SALE.
MATHERS' LIQUEUR WHISKEY,
$10 per Dozen Cash
--ALSO,--
Invoice of Gents' Hosiery.
Ladies' Gloves of all sorts.
Cardigan Jackets.
Lawn Tennis Shirts.
Apply to
A. FERGUSON, Agent
DANIELL & CO., Government St.
Over Baker's Boot Store.
mar16 1m

OATS, OATS
OATS.
Seed and Feed Oats.
Seed and Feed Barley.
Grass Seeds.
Chevalier Barley.
Ground Barley.
Chopped Feed.
Wheat, Bran.
Middlings.
Oil Cake, Meal.
Peas, Rye, etc.
For sale at
HOWARD TILTON'S,
mm30 1m Wharf St., Victoria.

At Cheapside.
JUST ARRIVED.
Fancy Dinner and Tea Sets, Very Cheap.
Fancy Chamber Sets, at very Low Prices
Lamps, Stoves, and General
Household Furniture,
New and Secondhand. Cutlery, &c
Gardening and Carpenter's Tools always in stock. Settlers' and Miners' Outfits a specialty.
GEO. POWELL & CO.,
Cheapside, DeCosmos' Block, Government S
Victoria March 12 1887. 2m D&W

Gareshe, Green & Co.
BANKERS
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B.C.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.
Gold Dust and U. S. Currency
Purchased at highest market rates.
Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers
San Francisco, New York and Canada.
EXCHANGE ON LONDON,
Available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.
Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co

GENERAL
PASSENGER AGENCY.
ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES,
To or from Great Britain or the Continent,
Berths secured in advance by Telegraph.
HALL & GOEPEL.
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

DALEY'S
Eureka Livery & Sale
STABLES,
Pandora Street, opp. Methodist Church.
Has on hand some of the
Best Buggy and Saddle Horses
For Hire or for sale, suitable for a lady or gentleman to ride or drive. Handsome Phatons for sale or hire.
TELEPHONE CALL No. 30.
ap12 1m

WARNING!
Occupants of houses should secure their Windows and Doors against Cold Drafts by ordering
Browne's Patent Metallic and Rubber Weather Strips
for Windows and Doors, which entirely exclude
COLD DRAFTS,
Saving half your fuel; and DUST in Summer, saving your carpets, Curtains and Furniture. HA TLING SASHES stopped. Windows can be raised or lowered as usual for Ventilation. Have stood the test of 15 YEARS on finest Private and Public Buildings in the principal Cities. Used on all DRAWING ROOM and SLEEPING CARS in the United States and Europe and Warranted Good For Five Years.
For sale by JOHN P. ELFORD, P.O. Box 884, Victoria, B. C. JOHN TEAGUE Architect. Orders may be left with S. C. BURRIS, Architect, where Samples can be seen. f 1 ...

ISLAND RAILWAY
Cordwood AND Timber Yard
RUSSELL'S STATION.
First-Class Cordwood, and full cords guaranteed.
Cedar Posts and Poles for sale, and delivered to all parts of the city, at reasonable rates.
ADAM INNES, Agent,
Corner John and Government Streets
Telephone Call No. 149. jan4

BUTTER.
200 Kegs Choice Brockville and Morrisburg
BUTTER,
For sale by
THOS. EARLE.
jan4

A. A. Aaronson,
PAWNBROKER.
Money advanced to any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Trinkets, Trunks and Contents, or on any Approved Security.
Ladies and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing purchased. Parties waited on at their residences. INDIAN GOODS or rare and antique curiosity. Note the address—Between Wharf and Broad streets and Government. ...

MARTHA WASHINGTON

NOT AN EDUCATED WOMAN IN THE SENSE OF TO-DAY.

She Was a Poor Speller and Her Grammar Would Hardly Pass Muster—Indiscriminate Use of Capital Letters in Writings—The Home Sphere.

Martha Washington was not an educated woman in the sense of to-day. She did not spell well, and her grammar would hardly stand the parsing of the public schools. Copies of two of her letters to her sister, Mrs. Bassett, lie before me. They were written at about the beginning of the revolution. She begins one thus: "I have wrote to you several times, in hopes it would put you in mind of me, but I find it has not had its intended effect." Further on she says: "The rivers has never been frozen hard enough to walk upon the ice since I came here." Among the misspelt words of the letter are: "Navey" for navy, "loded" for loaded, "coles" for coals, "distant" for destined, "clere" for clear, "heare" for here, "plesed" for pleased and "greatful" for grateful. Company she spells "companey," and persuaded "perswaded."

In the fac-simile of a letter that she wrote to William B. Reed, of New York, in 1777, I see that she knew no other punctuation mark than the dash, that the apostrophe was a stranger to her, and that her writing, though not illegible, was far from beautiful or elegant. The use of the capital was as embarrassing to her as the use of the punctuation point, and her letters look as though the capitals had been shaken out of a nammoth pepper box and permitted to lie wherever they fell.

ONE OF HER LETTERS.

One of her letters, commencing "My dear Fanny," was lately communicated by the Rev. H. E. Hayden, of Pennsylvania, to The Magazine of American History. It is dated "Mount Vernon, Aug. 7, 1784," and the verbatim spelling and punctuation are preserved in the publication. Some of the sentences begin with capitals and some without. She writes of "My little nelly," referring probably to Nellie Custis, and in the same line says that "Tpt is the same chaver (clever) boy you left him;" thus capitalizing the boy's name, while she gives no capital to that of the girl. She writes Fanny that "The General had received a letter from her papa," dated at "richmond," begin the next sentence with a small letter, and in it capitalizes "Brothers," "Family," and "General."

A person uses his best grammar while writing, and he who makes mistakes here makes more in conversation. Martha Washington may have been well educated in the school of society and in that of life. She was certainly not so in books or literature. There was no library to speak of at Mount Vernon, and Gen. Washington was more of an out-of-door man than a student. We have no record of his wife being a reader, save that she read a chapter in her Bible every morning after breakfast. She knew nothing about novels, and the American monthly magazine, the great family educator of the present, was not yet born.

Martha Washington had, however, the best advantages of the day. Her whole life was spent among learned men and bright women, but there is no record left that she was brilliant in social conversation, and you will read in vain for the reported bon mots of Martha Washington. The truth seems to be that Martha Washington thought woman's sphere was home, and that knitting and cooking were more important than writing letters and a knowledge or French. She is said to have been a good business woman, and to have managed the large estate of her first husband very ably before she handed her share of it over to George Washington.—Frank G. Carpenter in The Cosmopolitan.

Warnings in Dreams.

Many people still believe that they receive warnings in dreams, and it is impossible to rebut the arguments for such a belief, but we may confidently assert that any general reliance on the confused and contradictory indications of dreams would involve the most inconsistent vagaries of conduct, wholly unworthy of a rational being. Our reason and our dreams are often so hopelessly at variance that, to desert the former for the latter, would be equivalent to relinquishing the bright shining of the sun in order to pursue a treacherous will-o'-the-wisp. The writer once had occasion to engage a passage for a long sea voyage, and the only vessel available at the desired time was a steamer which had been a great favorite in her day, but was then so old that doubts were entertained regarding her seaworthiness. In spite of warnings on this point he engaged his berth, and on that very night he had an intensely vivid dream of shipwreck and drowning at sea. Undeterred, however, he set sail without serious misgivings and had a most agreeable and prosperous voyage. In this case the dream was evidently no supernatural warning but rather the result of the effect produced upon the imagination by the hints thrown out regarding the vessel's supposed unseaworthy character. Presentiments of all kinds are almost invariably groundless, and when on rare occasions a presentiment is verified by the result, the explanation is the very simple and obvious one that in this instance our fears correctly forecasted the future. We fear and we hope many things more or less probable.—All the Year Round.

Portrait of Wendell Phillips.

His appearance physically was in all respects in his favor. There was hardly a point in his make up that one would desire to have other than it was. He had a most commanding presence in whatever situation he was placed. Tall, spare person, well proportioned, head large and symmetrical, hair abundant, not dark. The expression of his face charmingly beautiful, an eagle eye, very penetrating under a high but not massive brow. His nose was large, but well formed; his mouth always so beautiful and pleasant that it was really the most gratifying feature of all.

A more graceful figure on the public platform was not to be found, and as a public speaker he was entirely unsurpassed. His style of speaking was remarkably quiet and conversational. He was never noisy, bolsterous and ranting. When speaking his voice was subdued in tone, but distinct and musical, charming to all listeners even when his subject was distasteful, as often the case in his anti-slavery utterances and temperance philippics or other reformatory addresses where he spoke the truth without restraint. His speeches, always delivered without notes, were made with very little gesticulation, and yet the gentle swing of his arms and the motion of his hands played an important part in his oratory.—J. W. McLoud in The Current.

For Teachers and Parents.

If in instructing a child you are vexed with it for want of aptness try, if you have never tried before, to write with your left hand, and remember that a child is all left hand.—Chicago Living Church.

Care of Flat Irons.

Irons that have been once red hot never retain the heat so well afterwards, and will always be rough. Be careful not to put them on the stove hours before they are needed, and after using them always stand them on end.

Cleaning Saucepans.

All the labor of scraping saucepans in which oatmeal or mush has been boiled may be saved by allowing the saucepan to stand on the table for five minutes before pouring the contents into the dish.

The Best Safeguard.

The sooner parents awake to the fact that the best they can do by their sons is to cause them to learn a trade, the better for the country.—Boston Budget.

Smoke stains can be removed from mica in stoves by thoroughly soaking it in vinegar.

Land Applications.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situated and described as follows:

Commencing at N. E. corner of Section 56 Sooke District, thence due north 60 chains, thence due west 80 chains, thence due south 100 chains to N. E. corner of Section 52, thence in a northeasterly direction to point of commencement.

R. E. JACKSON.
Victoria, B. C. 5th Dec. 1886. dec 6 law-tf

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situated at Jackson Bay, Coast district, and described as follows: Commencing at a stake about 50 chains Northwest of the beach and running North forty (40) chains; thence East 40 chains; thence South 40 chains; thence West 40 chains to point of commencement.

VAN BREMER.
Victoria, March 19, 1887. mr23-law2m

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land more or less in the Homathko River Valley Coast district. Described as follows: Commencing at a stake on the right bank of the West slough of the Homathko River from which running West 40 chains; thence North 80 chains; thence East to the right bank of said slough; thence South along the right bank of the slough to the place of commencement.

A. M. NANTON.
Victoria, March 19, 1887. mr23-law2m

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situated in Sayward district, and described as follows: Commencing at a stake about 60 chains Southwest of the Southeast corner of Indian Reserve Campbell river, and running West 40 chains; thence South 40 chains; thence West 20 chains; thence South 40 chains; thence East 40 chains; thence North 40 chains; thence East 20 chains; thence North 40 chains to point of commencement.

MORRIS MOSS.
Victoria, March 19, 1887. mr23-law2m

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 480 acres of land situated in the Campbell River Valley, Sayward district, and described as follows: Commencing at a stake about 10 chains West of the South Fork of Campbell river, and about 40 chains South of the main Campbell river Indian Reserve, which running West 80 chains; thence South 40 chains; thence East 40 chains; thence South 40 chains; thence East 40 chains; thence North 80 chains to point of commencement.

M. C. IRELAND.
Victoria, March 19, 1887. mr23-law2m

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situated in Sayward District and described as follows: Commencing at a stake at the North West corner of a small lake about three miles West of Menzies bay and running West 40 chains; thence South 80 chains; thence East 40 chains, thence North 80 chains to point of commencement.

M. C. IRELAND.
Victoria March 19th, 1887. mr23-lawlm

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to purchase 640 acres of land, situated and described as follows:

Commencing at northwest corner of R. E. Jackson's claim, thence due west 80 chains, more or less, to Sooke river, thence southerly following Sooke river to the north boundary of Section 37, Sooke District; thence N. E. along said boundary line to the northeast corner of said Section 37; thence southerly along the eastern boundaries of Sections 49, 48, 47, 46, Sooke District, thence easterly along the north boundaries of Sections 25, 24, and 23, to western boundary of R. E. Jackson's claim, thence due north to point of commencement.

MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON.
Victoria, B. C., 6th Dec. 1886. dec 6 law-tf

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situated in the Osoyoos Division, Yale District, described as follows: Commencing at southwest corner of my purchase Block No. 2; thence east 37 chains; thence north 80 chains to Thomas Ellis's purchase; thence west 25 chains to Okanagan Lake, following lake to point of starting. Also commencing at the northwest corner of Lot 135, Group 1; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains to point of commencement. Also commencing at southeast corner of Lot 187; thence north 80 chains; thence east 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains to point of commencement.

ALFRED H. WADE.
February 25, 1887. feb25 law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 250 acres of pastoral land on Galt Spring Island, North being all that portion of Long Point on Ganges Harbor, south of the pre-emption of M. J. Norton, and containing 250 acres, more or less.

JOHN NORTON
3rd March, 1887. mar19 law 2m

NOTICE is hereby given that I have made application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut and carry away trees and timber from a tract of land containing about 1000 acres, situate on Valdez Island, Sayward District, and described as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of Lot 28 Sayward District, thence running west 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; along the west boundary of Lot 28 to point of commencement.

L. CASEY.
Victoria, B. C., 5th April, 1887. ap6 law-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE have made application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut and carry away timber from a tract of land containing (188) one hundred and sixty eight acres situated on Rowen Island, more particularly described as follows:—

Commencing at the northeast corner of our claim, lately purchased from J. Kerr; thence east four chains; thence south one hundred and twenty chains; thence west fourteen chains; thence north one hundred and twenty chains to point of commencement.

CROFT & ANGUS.
Per H. A. Harrison.
Victoria, April 19, 1887. ap16 law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situated and described as follows:

Commencing at N. E. corner of R. E. Jackson's claim, thence due north 40 chains, thence due west 160 chains, more or less, to Sooke River, thence southerly along Sooke river 40 chains, thence due east 160 chains to point of commencement.

M. W. TIRWHITT DRAKE.
Victoria, B. C., 6th Dec. 1886. dec 6 law-2

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situated in the Homathko River Valley Coast district, and described as follows: Commencing at a stake on the right bank of the West slough of the Homathko River, it being the Northeast corner of W. Van Bremer's claim from which running West 40 chains; thence North 80 chains; thence East to the right bank of the slough; thence South along the right bank of the slough to the place of beginning.

M. C. IRELAND.
Victoria, March 19, 1887. mr22-law2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase Cabbage Island, containing four or five acres of land, more or less, situated in the west bay of Tumbo Island.

ISSACE PATTON.
April 28, 1887. ap28 2m

NOTICE.

B. C. DIRECTORY.

ALL BUSINESS FIRMS MAKING CHANGES in their establishments, or other persons of new arrival, wishing to have their names inserted in the New Directory, free of charge, will please forward alterations or names to the publishers office Broad street.

E. MALLANDAINE.
E. T. WILLIAMS.
Victoria, March 11, 1887. mar11

No. 144.

A BY-LAW

To Regulate the Erection and Construction of Buildings, to Limit the Erection, Alteration or Enlargement of Wooden Buildings, and to Regulate the Removal of Buildings.

(Passed 13th April, 1887.)

BE IT ENACTED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Short Title.

1. This By-Law may be cited as the "Buildings By-Law."

Interpretation.

2. The "Interpretation By-Law" applies to this By-Law.

Inspector of Buildings.

3. The Council shall from time to time appoint a competent person to be Inspector of Buildings, at such salary as the Council may think fit to provide. [No. 98 s. 1.]

4. The duties of the Inspector of Buildings shall be—

[a] To oversee the erection of all buildings to be built, enlarged, altered or re-erected; and

[b] To enforce the provisions of this By-Law. [No. 98 s. 2.]

5. Until otherwise ordered by the Council, the City Surveyor shall perform the duties of the Inspector of Buildings. [No. 98, s. 3.]

Regulations During Erection.

6. In all cases of erecting any building on the line of any street or public road, or within seven feet thereof, the builder shall erect a board fence six feet high to enclose one-half the sidewalk allowance in front of such building, and lay a planked pathway at least four feet wide, outside of such fence, for the convenience and security of the public; or he may, instead of such fence and pathway, plank over the whole of the scaffold at the height of the first floor above the ground floor, and enclose such scaffold at the same height at least eighteen inches all round above the level of the said planked floor, the sidewalk being left free for public use. [No. 98, s. 6.]

7. No person shall place any lumber, stone, or other building material, or any chips, shavings, or rubbish on any sidewalk, except within the aforesaid fence; and when buildings are being erected on any street no person shall occupy more than one-third of the roadway with any such building material; and no person shall place any such stone, lumber, or building material as aforesaid, without the free passage of water in the drains, gutters, or watercourses; and no person shall permit or suffer any such building material to remain on the street any longer than is necessary for the erection of the building for which such material is designed; and on the completion of any building the builder or owner thereof shall within three days thereafter entirely remove all materials from the street and cause the street to be cleaned from all such building material and left in good repair. [No. 98, s. 2; part No. 99, s. 1.]

Structure

8. The wall of every building abutting upon any street, road, or public place, shall be parallel with the frontage of such street, road, or public place on which it abuts. [No. 98, s. 20, part.]

9. No building, veranda, balcony, or portion of any building shall project or encroach on or over any street, road, or public place, or the sidewalk or sidewalk allowance thereof. [No. 85, s. 17; No. 98, s. 20, part No. 138.]

10. The exterior walls and party walls of every brick or stone building shall be in accordance with the following specifications:

ONE STORY BUILDINGS.—Outside walls and party walls shall not be less than one brick or 8½ inches thick, and such walls shall not be more than 14 feet in height, or more than 50 feet in length, unless strengthened by cross partitions or other means approved by the Inspector of Buildings. Walls one brick and a half or 12½ inches thick shall not exceed 16 feet in height nor 70 feet in length unless strengthened by cross partitions or other means approved by the Inspector of Buildings. Outside walls and party walls of first floor shall be not less than one brick of 8½ inches thick nor more than 14 feet in height nor 50 feet in length unless strengthened as aforesaid.

TWO STORY BUILDINGS.—Outside walls and party walls of ground floor shall be not less than one brick and a half or 12½ inches thick and shall not exceed 16 feet in height nor 70 feet in length unless strengthened by cross partitions or other means approved by the Inspector of Buildings. Outside walls and party walls of first floor shall be not less than one brick of 8½ inches thick nor more than 14 feet in height nor 50 feet in length unless strengthened as aforesaid.

THREE STORY BUILDINGS.—Outside walls and party walls of ground floor shall not be less than two bricks or 17½ inches thick nor more than 17 feet in height nor 100 feet in length unless strengthened as aforesaid. Outside walls and party walls of first floor shall not be less than one brick and a half or 12½ inches thick nor more than 14 feet in height nor 50 feet in length unless strengthened as aforesaid. Outside walls and party walls of second floor shall not be less than one brick or 8½ inches thick nor more than 12 feet in height nor 50 feet in length unless strengthened as aforesaid.

ALL BRICK OR STONE BUILDINGS.—For every additional 20 feet in length or two feet in height, or any fraction thereof respectively, added to any of the above measurements, one-half brick or 4½ inches in thickness shall be added to the thickness of the walls of each story. And the brick or stone work of every such building shall be carried to such height as may be requisite to effectually protect the roof of the building from any adjoining building, to the satisfaction of the Inspector of Buildings. Basement walls shall not be less than 4½ inches thicker than the walls under which they are built, and shall be of either stone, or brick. Foundations to buildings not having basements shall be not less than 18 inches in the solid ground, or less than 4½ inches thicker than the walls under which they are built, and shall be of brick or stone. Roof coverings shall be of slate, tin, iron, or other incombustible materials. [No. 52, s. 7; No. 98, s. 21, part.]

11. All party walls shall be between buildings and buildings, except where each building has independent walls. Party walls not being of sufficient thickness shall be taken down when an adjoining building requires to be rebuilt. Ends of timbers lying through old party walls shall be cut off when new buildings are erected against them. External walls shall not become party walls unless they have been constructed of brick or stone and in accordance with the provisions of the last preceding section of this by-law. The brick work of all party walls and external walls shall be properly bounded to or anchored in every case [No. 98, s. 24].

12. No timber shall be laid into any party arch except for bond, nor into any party wall other than such templets, chains and bond timbers as may be necessary, or the ends of girders, beams, binding or trimming joists, or other principal timbers, all of which timbers shall have at least four inches and a half of solid brick work between the ends and sides thereof and the timber of any adjoining building; and the ends of every girder, beam, binding or trimming joist, or other principal timber, may be laid beyond the centre of any party wall, provided there be left four inches and a half of solid brick or stone work at the end of every such piece of timber, except where any part of the ends of such timber shall lie opposite to and level with any part of the ends of any timber of an adjoining building, in which case no part of such timber shall approach nearer than two inches to the centre of the party wall. [No. 98, s. 25.]

13. Breast-summers shall in all cases be carried on brick or stone walls or piers, or on cast-iron columns seated on stone, and shall in no case be carried on story posts or other timber supports; and when the ends of any breast-summer approach the centre line of any party wall nearer than four inches and a half such ends shall be encased and entirely surrounded in cast-iron shoes. [No. 98, s. 26.]

14. All chimneys back to back in party walls shall be in the chimney back at least one brick or 8½ inches in thickness, to the height of at least twelve inches above the mantel. Chimney backs in party walls not being back to back with any other chimney shall be at least 8½ inches clear from the party line. All flues built in any wall shall be surrounded by brick-work not less than seven inches in thickness. [No. 98, s. 27.]

15. All chimney stacks shall be carried to a height of four feet at least above the ridge or deck of any roof carried by, connected with, or abutting upon the wall to which such chimney stack is attached; except where the ridge or deck is more than six feet in height above the base of the chimney, in which case the height of the chimney shall be determined by the Inspector of Buildings. Where a chimney stack is used to carry away smoke or noxious vapours from a manufactory, the stack shall be carried to such a height as to effectually clear the surrounding buildings to the satisfaction of the Inspector of Buildings. All chimney stacks shall be built of stone, brick, or iron, only, and in the most substantial manner. [No. 98, s. 8.]

16. All chimney hearths shall be laid wholly on brick or stone in cement, unless they be in a cellar or basement story and bedded in solid earth; and every chimney shall have a slab or foot-piece of stone, brick, marble, iron or cement, at least sixteen inches broad, and extending at least six inches beyond each end of the opening, before every fireplace opening. [No. 1, s. 6, part No. 98, s. 28.]

17. No timber shall be laid within two feet of the inside of any oven, copper, still, boiler or furnace, nor within nine inches of the outside thereof; nor within seven inches of the inside of any metal flue, nor within four inches and a half of the inside of any brick flue, unless the wood is effectually protected to the satisfaction of the Inspector of Buildings. [No. 1, s. 6, part; No. 98, s. 8.]

18. No pipe or funnel for carrying steam or hot air shall be carried over any street or public place, or on the front of any building. [No. 98, s. 10, part.]

19. All doors in theatres, music halls, hotels, churches, and other buildings used for the assembly of large bodies of persons shall be constructed to open outwards; and ample provision shall be made for the rapid emptying of such buildings. [No. 98, s. 22.]

Fire Limits.

20. All that portion of the city which is within the line next hereinafter described shall be known as the Fire Limits, namely: Commencing at the north-west corner of lot 427 (one hundred and twenty-seven), thence running eastwardly along the northern boundary of that lot and continuing in a straight line to the centre of Store street, thence northerly along Store street to a point opposite the centre of Fisguard street, thence eastwardly across Store street in a straight line to and along the centre of Fisguard street to the centre of Douglas street, thence southerly along the centre of Douglas street to a point opposite the centre of Courtenay street, thence in a straight line to and along the centre of Courtenay street and to the centre of Wharf street, thence in a straight line to the north-east corner of lot 8 (eight), thence along the northern boundary of that lot to the shore of Victoria Harbor, and thence along the shore line of Victoria Harbor to the point of commencement. [No. 116, s. 1; No. 103, s. 5.]

21. No building other than with main walls of brick, iron or stone and roofing of incombustible material shall be erected or placed within the Fire Limits. [No 82, secs. 2 and 5; No. 98, secs. 21 and 23, part; No. 116, s. 5.]

22. No addition to or alteration of any wooden building within the Fire Limits shall be made. [No. 32, s. 4; No. 116, s. 2.]

23. The two last preceding sections of this by-law shall not apply to any shed within the curtilage of another building and used exclusively for the storage of fuel for consumption in such other building, such shed not exceeding ten feet by twelve in length or breadth nor ten feet in height, nor to any water closet or earth closet; nor shall they apply to any shed erected wholly on or over the wooden piles of any wharf on the shore of Victoria Harbor; but no shed shall be erected on or over any wharf within the Fire Limits other than with roofing of incombustible material. [No. 116, s. 3.]

Removal.

24. No person shall remove, or cause or permit to be removed, any building into, along or across any street or public place without having first obtained permission, in writing, for that purpose from the Street Committee. [No. 105, s. 1.]

25. Every application for permission to remove any building shall be in writing, shall describe the building and its location and the place to which it is to be removed, and shall state the streets required to be used and the number of days for such removal; and it shall be accompanied by a valuation, to be obtained for this purpose from the City Surveyor, of the building to be removed, and by a fee of ten dollars for the use of the City Surveyor. (No. 105; ss. 2 and 3; No. 117, s. 1.)

26. No permission shall be given to remove any building into, along or across any street or public place, unless such building shall appear by the valuation of the City Surveyor accompanying the application as aforesaid to be worth at least two hundred and fifty dollars. (No. 105, s. 4; No. 117, s. 2.)

27. Every permission to remove a building shall state the route by which, and the number of days within which, such removal is to be effected. (No. 117, s. 4, part.)

28. Every person who has obtained permission as aforesaid to remove any building shall forthwith remove the same in accordance with such permission and not further or otherwise, and shall, during such removal, place and keep a beacon light on the front and another on the back of the building under removal from sunset to sunrise. [No. 105, s. 5; No. 117, s. 3.]

29. In case any person remove any building into any street or public place without having obtained such permission therefor as aforesaid, or into any street or public place not named in such permission, or leave any building in any street or public place longer than the time limited by such permission, it shall be lawful for the Mayor or the Street Committee to cause such building to be pulled down or removed; and all costs and expenses attending such pulling down or removal shall be repaid by the owner of such building to the Corporation, and shall be recoverable, with costs, in like manner as any penalty for the infraction of a by-law. [No 117, s. 4, part.]

Dangerous and Irregular Buildings.

30. Whenever any building shall be so much decayed or from any cause injured as to be, in the opinion of the Inspector of Buildings and the Council, a dangerous nuisance, or whenever any wooden building erected and still standing within the Fire Limits herein described, or any building, veranda, or portion of a building heretofore erected or constructed or hereafter to be erected or constructed otherwise than in accordance with the regulations of this by-law, shall, in the opinion of the Inspector of Buildings and the Council, have become decayed or injured to the extent of one half or more of its original value or cost it shall be the duty of the Inspector of Buildings, under the direction of the Council, to notify in writing the owner, agent, occupier, or other person having charge of such building, veranda, or portion of a building to remove or pull down the same forthwith; and the person so notified shall cause the same to be removed or pulled down within ten days after such notification; and in case any person so notified fail to comply with the terms of such notification within ten days thereafter, it shall be lawful for the Council to authorize by resolution, any officer therein named to remove or pull down the building, veranda, or portion of a building in question. [No. 52, s. 6.]

31. Whenever any building in course of erection, enlargement, alteration, or repair, shall be deemed unsafe by the Inspector of Buildings, the owner, contractor, agent, or person having charge thereof shall be notified at once to make the same safe and secure; and if not forthwith so notified shall forthwith make such building safe and secure according to the terms of the notification. [No. 98, s. 19.]

Enforcing Regulations

32. It shall be lawful for the Council to authorize by resolution any officer therein named to pull down or remove any building which shall have been constructed or placed in contravention of this by-law; and all costs and expenses reasonably incurred in such pulling down or removal shall be repaid by the owner of such building to the Corporation, and shall be recoverable with costs, in like manner as any penalty for the infraction of a by-law. [No. 116, s. 4.]

33. Every person convicted of an infraction of any of the provisions of this by-law shall forfeit and pay therefor a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars. [No 98, s. 31; No. 105, s. 7.]

Repeal.

34. "The By-law for Prohibiting the Erection of the By-law to amend the By-law for the Protection of the City against Fire (No. 59) Wooden Buildings, 1879," [No. 32], the "By-law to Repeal the By-law for Prohibiting the Erection of Wooden Buildings Amendment By-law, 1882," [No. 95] sections 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32 and 33 of the "Victoria Building By-law, 1883," [No. 98] "The By-law for prohibiting the Erection of Wooden Buildings, 1879, Amendment By-law, 1883," [No. 102], "The Buildings Removal By-law, 1884, [No. 103], the "Fire Limits and Wooden Building By-law, 1885," [No. 116], except section 6, the "Building Removal Amendment By-law, 1885," [No. 117], section 1 of the by-law entitled "A By-law to amend the Consolidated Sidewalk and Awning By-law, 1881," [No. 128], and so much of every other by-law as is inconsistent with this by-law, or makes any provision for any matter herein provided for, are hereby repealed; and this by-law is substituted for them.

TO THE ELECTORS OF Cowichan District.

GENTLEMEN:

Yielding to the request of many friends who have urged me to come forward as a candidate for the vacancy now existing in this district, I consent to do so. My views are known to most of you, who have resided any length of time in the district.

As being opposed to the reckless policy of the present and late governments—a policy which if persisted in will soon land the province in complete bankruptcy.

I am opposed to the large civil service list, a list which is constantly growing under the spoils system of the present government.

I am opposed to monopolies of all kinds, believing laws should be enacted for the many and not for the favored few.

I am opposed to increasing the Cabinet to five members, as it will entail a large additional expense on the country. For many months the work has been discharged by two ministers.

I am also opposed to the system adopted by the government for borrowing large sums of money. I am in favor of submitting the matter to the people for their verdict.

I shall form as liberal an expenditure of public money, on public works and improvements as the finances of the country warrant. I will insist on all public works being executed by contract, and that the expenditure shall be kept within our income.

There are many other matters which might be mentioned, but I expect to be able more fully to discuss them with the electors at meetings to be held, due notice of which will be given hereafter.

I am, Gentlemen,
Yours truly,
JOHN N. EVANS.

Somenos, April 15, 1887. ap18

Railways and Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY,

OUR NATIONAL HIGHWAY.

Shortest, Quickest,

AND IN EVERY RESPECT,

THE BEST ROUTE,

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☞ When going East, purchase Tickets by this Line.

Mark and Consign your Freight via C. P. Railway. Lowest Rates. No Transfers.

For Tickets, Sleeping Car Berths, and all information, apply at office of the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company whose steamers make close daily connection with all through trains.

G. V. BEATHCOTE, Contracting Agent. D. R. MUNRO, Ticket Agent.
D. E. BROWN, District Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Navigation Co.

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 6

Taking effect March 20, 1887.

Burrard Inlet Route.

VICTORIA TO

Port Moody and Vancouver,
Daily except Monday, at 2 o'clock.

Moodyville and Hastings,
Wednesday and Friday, at 2 o'clock.

Port Moody to Victoria,
Daily except Monday, at 2.30 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria,
Daily except Monday, at 12.30 o'clock.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA

For New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island,
Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

Plumper Pass
Wednesday, at 7 o'clock.

Leaves New Westminst'r for Victoria,
Monday at one p.m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 a.m.
Tuesday, at 4 a. m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass,
Thursday at 7 o'clock.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

Steamers leave by Standard Time, which is 15 minutes slower than Victoria time.

G. A. CARLETON, GEN. AGENT. JOHN IRVING, MANAGER.
March 17, 1887.

Oceanic Steamship Company,

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails.

WILL LEAVE the Company's Wharf, Folsom Street, San Francisco, California, for

AUCKLAND AND SYDNEY,

WITHOUT CHANGE

THE MAGNIFICENT 3000 TON Iron Steamer

MARIPOSA.

May 6.....at 2 p. m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

FOR HONOLULU.

The magnificent steamer "Australia," April 26.

☞ For freight or passage, apply at office, 327 Market St. JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. 327 Market Street, San Francisco, California.
nov28

PACIFIC Mail Steamship Co.

COMPANY'S STEAMERS sail for

Hongkong via Yokohama,

City of Sydney.....May 3

For New York via Panama,

Steamers will sail 8th, 15th, 23d and 30th of each month for ports of call. See San Francisco papers.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents. San Francisco.
nov 4

W. E. CHAMBERLAIN & T. A. ROBINSON

PACIFIC Business College, 320 POST ST. SAN FRANCISCO.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75

No Vacations

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.

☞ Ladies admitted into all departments.
☞ Send for circulars.

John Meston

CARRIAGE MAKER,

BLACKSMITH, Etc.,

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets,

VICTORIA, B. C.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

ONE of the best farms in Cowichan District comprising 160 acres of excellent land about 120 acres on the Flats and under cultivation which produces enormous crops of grain and roots. A great number of cattle, horses, hogs, poultry, etc.; and all necessary farm implements including self-binder, mowers, etc. The owner also keeps a store and does a very good general business on the place. For further particulars and terms apply to the owner, Eureka Farm, Cowichan, B. C., or to Messrs. Fell & Co., Victoria.

Notices.

Notice of Partnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ADMITTED AS a full partner, from the 1st instant, Mr. LOUIS GARCIA DUMBLETON. The style of the firm will henceforth be Known as Hall, Gospel & Co.

HALL & GOSPEL.
Victoria B. C., April 26, 1887. ap 28-1m

Notice.

MR. GUSTAV LEISER HAS BEEN Admitted as a partner in the business of a Dry Goods Merchant, now carried on by Moses Lenz upon Government Street and the concern will henceforth be known as "LENZ & LEISER."

MOSES LENZ.
Victoria, Dec. 4, 1886. GUSTAV LEISER.
Witness, THEODORE DAVIE.

Portland Advertisem'ts

Dr. SPINNEY

Multnomah Block, opposite Post office,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

TREATS with the same remarkable success as of old, ALL CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES. Correspondence solicited and prompt attention given thereto. Call, or write for pamphlet and list of questions. june7

OREGON MILLING CO.'S

Royal Flour.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

☞ Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON,
Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria,
Agent for British Columbia.

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Windsor, Bakers and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

TRY IT, Mills at Albany, Oregon.

BROWN, LANNING & CO. Proprietors.
Aug 14 tf

The Starr Kidney Pad,

A PERMANENT,

Sure Cure for Diseases

Disorders and Ailments of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Secretive System, or Attendant Complaints, coming from the Small of the Back, Sides, etc., producing Urinary Disorders, such as too frequent Scanty, Difficult, Painful or Copious Micturation, Inability of Retention and Sedimentary Urine, Dropsical Symptoms, etc., denoting the presence in the system of Diseases common to the Urinary Secretive Organs, known as Gravel, Catarrh of the Bladder and passage, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Piles, Nervous Debility, etc., etc.

Pamphlets and testimonials can be obtained from Druggists free.

PRICES.—Child's Pad, $1.50 (cures bed-wetting Regular Pad, $2.00. Special Pad for Chronic Diseases $3.00.

"GOOD BACKING.—As the Starr Kidney Pad Co. of Toronto are again introducing in this province their famous cure, it is only fair to call attention to the long period of success which has greeted their great antidote for so many distressing diseases. The terrible complaints of diabetes and Bright's disease or the kidneys are affirmed by reliable people to yield to the persevering application of this company's pads which have no equal in the effectual treatment of lame backs and all weaknesses of the bladder and genito-urinary organs."—Victoria Colonist, Sept. 11, 1886.

LANGLEY & Co., Wholesale Agents, Victoria, B. C.

Retail by E. Pimbury & Co., Nanaimo, T. Pickard, Denman Island; R. B. Richardson, Cowichan; A. R. Johnson & Co., Chemainus; J. McNeely, Ladner's Landing; A. M. Herring and D. R. Curtis & Co., New Westminster; H. McDowell & Co., Vancouver; McCartney & Bros., Kamloops and Vancouver; Clarke & Co., Kamloops; W. R. Megaw, Priest Valley; and Vancouver Drug Co., Vancouver. sept 11

COCKLE'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

The Great English Medicine.

PURELY VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS, AND WITHOUT MERCURY. USED BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE FOR OVER 120 YEARS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

WHOLESALE AGENTS,

EVANS SONS & MASON, LTD. MONTREAL.

DR. VANMONCISCAR,

132, 134, Third Street, Portland, Or.

Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer with

LOST MANHOOD,

Nervous Debility, Impotency, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Losses, Sexual Decay, Failing memory, Weak Eyes, Stunted Development, Lack of Energy, Impoverished Blood, Pimples, Impediments to Marriage; also, Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphillis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Incontinence, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture—receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Both Sexes consult confidentially. If in trouble, call immediately or write. Delays are dangerous. nov1 D&W

CHAS HAYWARD,

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Langley Street, Victo

The Hudson's Bay Company

RE NOW SELLING FOR DELIVERY EX "VIOLA":

BRANDIES in Bulk--Bessiere's, Central Vineyard, United Vineyard, and Hennessy's.
Do. **Case**--Hennessy's, Martell's, Barnett's, Dubois and Bellot's.
GENEVA--DeKuyper's in hhds. quarter casks, red and green cases.
GIN, OLD TOM--Boord & Co.'s.
RUM--Demerara and Jamaica, in quarter-casks, puncheons and cases.
WHISKY in Bulk--Islay, Loch Katrine, Campbeltown & Dunville's.
Do. **Cases**--Burke's, Dunville's, Jamieson's & Innishowen.
WINES--A full supply of Ports and Sherries from the most eminent shippers.
STOUT--Guinness' in stone and glass quarts and pints, bottled by the best firms.

Sole Agents for DUKE'S "CAMEO" CIGARETTES, and LEMP'S CELEBRATED LAGER BEER.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Monday, May 2, 1887

TO ADVERTISERS.

The circulation of THE TIMES is greater in this province than that of any other journal. It is an unrivalled medium through which the people can be reached. Try it and be convinced of its superiority over all others.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

Thirty Days more for bargains at Denny's Clearing-Out Sale.

—BURT's opera slippers, French kid, in four widths, at GEO. H. MAYNARD'S. *

—It is expected the Olympian will sail for the north again to-morrow.

—Money saved by having your plans made by FISHER, the ARCHITECT *

—The North Pacific on the new time schedule arrived at 2.20 this afternoon.

—Something good for breakfast. Prime Finnan Haddocks, fresh, at FELL & Co's.*

—BURT'S WALKEMPHAST'S, just arrived, the finest in the city, at GEO. H. MAYNARD'S. *

—Photographic views along the line of the C. P. R. in B. C., for sale at R. MAYNARD'S, Douglas St.

—M. W. WAITT & Co., have now in stock the famous ESTEY ORGAN, for which they are agents. Call and examine. *

—A small line of fine ENGLISH LACE BOOTS, just arrived, at GEO. H. MAYNARD'S. *

—For a delicious MILK PUNCH or a genuine COCKTAIL go to the Pritchard House. *

—A prospecting party will leave Vancouver in a few days to follow up some discoveries which they made last fall. They are confident of a rich find.

—A well selected stock of ENGLISH WALKING SticKS, LawN TENNIS goods and Spalding BASE BALL GOODS, at J. BANNERLEY'S, Fort street, near Douglas. *

—The cable between Vancouver and Moodyville has been laid, but communication between the two places will not be open for a few days yet.

—The farmers of Nicola are about through seeding. The weather has been very fine, are there is every prospect of a bountiful yield and a very early harvest.

—The Remington type writer is far superior to any other, being the simplest strongest, most durable and most rapid writing machine made. M. W. Waitt & Co., are sole agents for B. C. *

—A W. C. T. U. Social on Monday evening, May 2nd. Address by Miss Bowes on the "Power of Littles." Good music. Admittance 25 cents, including refreshments. *

—Another shipment of Novelties in Jerseys, Children's Dresses, Hosiery, Dress Goods, &c., &c., received this day at the Lansdowne House, Yates street. John Partridge, proprietor. *

—Call and see our fine mouldings, all latest patterns, steel engravings and latest pictures. We make a specialty of mounting pictures, Jos. SOMMERS, Government St. *

—The Vancouver Shingle Mill Co. has made a sale of 1,000,000 shingles to some Victoria firms for immediate delivery. About one-half of the orders were shipped by the schooner Eliza and the balance will be towed over on scows.

—Dr. A. C. West, dentist, will for the present occupy dental rooms in Hastings Photographic buildings, Fort street, where his old patrons and all requiring fine dental work, are respectfully invited to call. *

—Capt. H. A. Mellon, of Vancouver, has received the appointment of agent and correspondent for the Marine Board of Underwriters of New York for Victoria, Burrard Inlet and other ports on the British Columbia coast.

—There are 320 Chinese at work on the Brighouse estate, Vancouver, divided into gangs of from 26 to 33 men, with a foreman over each gang. In about six weeks' time fifty or sixty acres have been cleared and the stumps cut level with the ground. The work will last all summer.

—The steamship Walla Walla took as cargo from Port Moody six hundred tons of railroad supplies for Seattle, one locomotive and 50 tons of railroad supplies for the Satsop R. R., 100 tons of coal oil for San Francisco, and 10 tons of general merchandise for the Sound.

—An amusing scene was witnessed on the corner of Yates and Government streets to-day when a sailor under the influence of liquor picked up a lady's little boy in his arms and lovingly caressed the little fellow. Everybody who saw the sight smiled at Jack's off-hand tenderness.

—It is believed that the weather which we usually are favored with at this season of the year, and which is so much needed at present, has taken its flight to other lands. Yesterday's rain may have a salutary effect in making the atmosphere a little more humid than it has been so far this spring.

—The backward spring and the coldness of the weather in the interior is certain to cause heavy floods this year in the Fraser river valley. The snow-fall in the interior has been very great, and no thawing of any consequence has yet taken place. When it does come the settlers fear a repetition of the disasters of 1882.

—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company has purchased a water frontage in Seattle of 1,200 feet from Guy C. Phinney, on Elliott Bay, Suda's addition, for the sum of $8,000. This property is but a few rods from the terminal grounds of the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern Railway now being built.

—And now the bouquet purloiner is again at work. A cozy little garden on North Park street was last night completely stripped of its flowers—ghost bedding as well as the ones in blossom. Young man, give the flowers a chance. They are amongst the most beautiful of God's creation.

A Boy Stabbed.

About 9:30 on Saturday evening, a boy named Henry McDonald was stabbed in the back by a Chinaman, on Pandora street. When passing down the street near the Blue Ribbon Hall, McDonald and a companion named Atkinson jostled against a Chinaman and the latter is believed to have stabbed McDonald in the small of the back with a pen-knife. McDonald is still confined to bed and it is feared that he may lose the use of his legs, as the spinal column is thought to be injured. Officer Hawton arrested a washman, named Ah Sam, who was remanded for eight days at the police court this morning. The real facts of the case, it is probable, have not all been learned. The prisoner is a peaceable Chinaman and well known in the city.

Out of His Mind.

John Barclay, who has been living entirely alone on English Bay while engaged in cutting shingles, has become demented. He told the doctors who examined him that for the past six months some persons, whom he does not know, have been blowing drugs through the cracks in the door and the chinks in the wall. He had tried his best to drive them away and had gone the length of cursing them, which seemed to make matters worse and so he stopped it. On every other subject the man is perfectly sane and talks very well. It is thought a few months at New Westminster will make him all right again.

Jumped His Bail.

Thomas Pickard, a resident of Denman Island, who was charged with supplying liquor to "Comox Bill," a Yellow Rock Indian, a few hours before the murder of the Indian woman Kitty, failed to appear before Messrs. Bate and Abrams, at Nanaimo, on Thursday, and was fined $200, or three months, and his bail—himself in $500 and two sureties in $150 each—ordered to be estreated. Pickard is understood to have gone to Washington Territory. The murder in question, and for which Louis Omegas has been committed for trial, was the result of whisky drinking.

A Memento.

By the death of Admiral Sir Michael Seymour, G. C. B., formerly M. P. for Devonport, and late of Cadlington House, near Horndean, in the County of Southampton, Eng., who died February 23rd last, there was bequeathed in the will of the deceased to Admiral Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, Bart., of H. M. S. Triumph, a service of plate presented in years past to the deceased Admiral by the British merchants in China, which is of great honorary and intrinsic value.

Sandstone.

About eighty tons of sandstone, or four car-loads, came down on the E. & N. R'y, on Saturday last, from a quarry about two miles beyond Cobble Hill, on the line of the railway. The stone is considered to be of excellent quality, being hard and durable. It is intended for the new law courts on Bastion square, and more will arrive from day to day, being brought from the railway depot to the scene of operations by teams.

Jack Tar Ashore.

Yesterday and to-day the city was dotted with valiant tars from H. M. ships at Esquimalt. A most orderly lot they appear so far, and their presence is welcome almost anywhere. Our tradesmen, in certain lines, such as restaurant-keepers, cigar stores and saloons will feel the effect of their presence in the city by augmented cash book debits—a rather nice thing at any time. And we all welcome the walls of Britain in our midst.

An Excellent Show.

The Concordia under its present able management is doing a thriving business. The Bicketts, wonderful acrobats and trapezists, nightly in astonishing feats. Miss Jennie Haywood, Miss Frankie Whitcombe and Miss Ada Thompson all serio-comic queens in choice selections and acts. Lavender, Cain and Billy Gilbert are a show in themselves. *

The Medical Council.

The newly-appointed council of the Medical Association met on Saturday evening and elected the following officers: Dr. Trew, president; Dr. Davie, vice-president; Dr. Hanington, treasurer; Dr. Milne, registrar and secretary. The council will meet again on Tuesday, 7th of June, for general business and examination of candidates.

Fatal Accident.

Theodore Brown, late first officer of the bark John Worster, fell from the trestlework at Departure Bay, on Wednesday night, and was killed. His body was found on Thursday morning. He was about 40 years of age, and a German by birth. As the cause of death was apparent, there was no inquest.

Obituary.

John Charters, an old resident of Nicola, who died quite unexpectedly, was interred in the cemetery at Nicola Lake. He was a brother to Robert Charters, merchant, and to Wm. Charters, stock raiser of Nicola. Two young children, the eldest six years of age, are left orphans, their mother having died five years ago.

The Place for Bargains.

J. Sehl has just opened, in addition to his well assorted stock of Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloth and Linoleum, a complete line of Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and Bar Glasses, the finest ever offered in the country, at remarkable low prices, having arrived before the advance in freight rates. *

Piscatorial.

Sooke Lake had its fall quota of trout fishermen yesterday, but the wary trout were as shy as country maidens. A small catch was the consequence, and with this the cold weather had a great deal to do. A fall of snow was reported at the lake. At Prospect Lake fair catches were recorded.

Lacrosse.

There will be a meeting at Rand's office to-night, beginning at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of reorganizing the Lacrosse club. All young men interested in the "national game" are invited to be present.

You Should See Them.

TWO CARLOADS buggies direct from the manufacturers, special prices, new styles. COWAN, SHAW & Co., Wharf St. *

SUPREME COURT

(Before Mr. Justice Walkem.)

Wise vs. Tuttle—The second trial of this case was commenced this morning at 11 o'clock before Mr. Justice Walkem and a special jury composed of the following gentlemen: J. D. Pemberton, Geo. Gillespie, John Teague, R Harvey, Wm Charles, Alex Munro, T N Hibben, and Wm Grim. Mr Theo Davie for Wise; Mr J P Walls for Beeback; Messrs Richards and Hett for Tuttle and Elliott, and Mr Mills for Parsons.

Mr. Theo. Davie, counsel for Wise, in presenting the case to the jury, reviewed the circumstances connected with the alleged libel, which have already been laid before our readers on the occasion of the first trial. The defendants had signed a memorial to the government alleging grave irregularities on the part of the complainant, Wise, who is government agent and constable at Yale, and praying for his removal. The memorial, deemed under ordinary circumstances a privileged communication, also made specific charges and alleged that the complainant was incapable, &c. Upon referring to the former trial and the finding of the jury, counsel for the prosecution was several times stopped by the learned judge and asked to confine himself strictly to the record.

The case occupied the whole day and was still proceeding when we went to press.

Death of Mrs. Helmcken.

The announcement of the death of Mrs. J. D. Helmcken will not take many of THE TIMES readers by surprise. For some time back it was only too apparent that this estimable lady was nearing her end, she being a victim to that fatal disease consumption. Her demise took place at the residence of Mr. G. A. McTavish, Saanich, shortly after noon to-day, where she with her husband, who has been suffering from a severe attack of typhoid fever, had been residing for some weeks. Peculiar sadness is attached to the death of Mrs. Helmcken from the fact that it is not yet a year since she was married in Edinburgh, Scotland, to the doctor, and with her husband left for this city. Outside of her husband and his relatives she had no relations in this country. She was a most amiable, loveable lady, esteemed in the highest sense by those who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. By her relatives here as well as at home she was beloved for her many excellent womanly qualities and virtues. At the time of her death she was not yet 20 years of age, and had resided with her husband in Victoria about eight months. In that short period she had become a general favorite with all with whom she came in contact. The news of her death will be received with regret. Her husband and his relatives are completely prostrated at the death of one whom they had learned to love so well. In that family circle there has been created a blank which can scarcely be filled, for she leaves behind her kind remembrances that time only can efface. Nothing could exceed the kindness and attention extended to the deceased by her husband and her friends, all of whom have the sincerest sympathy of an extended circle of friends and acquaintances in this, their hour of sorrow.

Alas! He's Gone.

A well known musical professor, who came to this city about eighteen months or so ago, and whose penchant was the musical tuition of the upper ten at $5 or so per lesson, has gone where the woodbine twineth, having left these parts last Thursday. The janitor of the theatre grieves for his departure for sundry back accounts due, and a dentist is also reported in an agitated mind for a bill that he cannot now very well collect. The teacher was a maccaroni eater, with curly black hair, short of stature, but withal a lion during his stay here. There is great mourning amongst certain of the *elite* just now, but time heals old sores. The professor is supposed to have taken $7500 in good Victoria money with him.

Satisfied with Prospects.

Mr. McKerracher, of St. Stephen, N.B., starts for home to-morrow morning to bring his family to this province. He has for some time been making investigations into the fish trade, and feeling satisfied that there are good opportunities here in that line he has determined to take up his residence in British Columbia and go extensively into the shipping of fish to the eastern markets. He has been ticketed through by Mr. Munro of the C. P. R.

The First Excursionists.

By the North Pacific this afternoon there arrived a number of Raymond's excursionists from the east. The party, which was composed mostly of ladies, drove, this afternoon, around town. They are registered at the Driard and will return again in the morning. The weather to-day is excellent, although it might be better.

Anniversary Social.

The St. Joseph's Social and Literary Society will celebrate its anniversary by giving a literary entertainment in the Theatre Comique on Thursday evening May 5. The young ladies of St. Andrew's (R. C.) congregation and several local amateurs will assist. Admission including refreshments only 50 cents.

Will Leave on Time.

In reply to an inquiry from Mr. D. B. Munro, C. P. R. agent here, Mr. Downie, Assistant Superintendent, telegraphs: "The Atlantic express will leave Port Moody on time to-morrow (Tuesday." This disposes of the rumor that there would be no train east for two days.

When You Do.

When you get up some morning and find the sun rising in the west, that will be the day when A. GILMOUR, the clothier, will be undersold in clothing or gents' furnishings, and not before. *

The Driving Season.

COWAN, SHAW & Co. have to hand two carloads of buggies made and finished expressly for the British Columbia market. COWAN, SHAW & Co., Wharf st

A Fine Lot

BUGGIES, PHETONS, &c., just to hand, two carloads, extra finish. COWAN, SHAW & Co., Wharf street.

English Window Glass, 16 oz., all sizes; also Stained and Enamelled Glass, at Muirhead and Mann's Sash and Door Factory.

—The Liederkranz May festival at the Theatre Comique this evening.

—The regular monthly meeting of the B. C. Pioneer Society will be held on Wednesday evening next at 8 o'clock.

—Consignees per North Pacific: Carne & Munsie, E B Marvin, H Tilton, Hamm & M, J Stanton, J Cunningham, J Johnson, M R & Tye, N & Renouf, S Clay, W Protheroe, A Boeni & Co, J Wise, Vair & B, W H Burns.

For Artists Only.

We have just received direct Window & Newton's Oil and Water Colors; a large assortment of Brushes, Plaques, and Terraline Ware, which we will sell at our usual low prices.

B. C. STATIONERY & PRINTING CO., Next door to the Post Office.

PERSONALS.

Mr. John Treadwell, manager of the Douglas Island mine, has gone south.

Ex-Collector French, of Alaska, came down on the Olympian.

A large party of young misses belonging to the city are to accompany Mrs. McMillan on a visit to the east.

Mr. H. Jewell and Mrs. Jewell will leave to night *via* the C.P.R. for Toronto and other eastern cities to visit relatives.

Mr. Thos. McDougall, Manager of the Quebec Bank, Montreal, will leave for home over the C. P. R. to-morrow morning.

Mr. Farnham will leave to-night for New York *via* the C. P. R. He will stay off at Ille-cille-waat to inspect mining properties there.

Mr. E. Mallandaine, jr., representing Mr. T. C. Sorby, architect, arrived from Vancouver last night to receive tenders for Christ Church rectory.

Mrs. Jas. E. McMillan and her grandson, Master Watkins, will leave for Ottawa, Ont., to-night. It is about twenty-four years since this lady left the east for this province.

Mr. Dave Gardener, a well known B. C. miner, came down on the Olympian from Juneau. He is suffering from rheumatism, and has gone into the Royal Hospital.

Passengers by the Princess Louise last night from Burrard Inlet: J S Chase, W H Marshall, J Laidlaw, G Ford, D B Grant, J McArthur, D B Campbell, W Nesbitt, T R Ellis, R Hall, B Springer, G H Burns, E Mallandaine, J L Beckwith, Kate McDonald, Mrs Simpson, A O Leask, Capt Grant, J Braden, J Day, Capt Crichton, R Broderick, J Hewson, G Drysdale, W B Cochran, S E Shaw, J Day, A Schrang.

Passengers by the North Pacific today from the Sound: Miss Taylor, Miss Lock, Mrs Banks and two dtrs, Mrs Davis and two dtrs, Miss White, Mrs Leroy, L Markley, S Johnson, Mrs Redipe and dtr, C A Martin, Capt Boyd, J Falway, J E Blackett, Jenkins and wife, Miss D Hall, Miss Reed, Miss Smithers, A P Burnell, J Reynolds, R Nuttall, Mrs Pratt, J B Johnson, Barton & wife, Mrs Whittier, M Whittier, D Dick, Shered & wife, J Bachelor, J Pagash, E Haley, F Hard, J F Gallay, Dr Williams.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

The British iron ship Harland, 1695 tons, under charter to John Rosenfeld, sailed from San Francisco yesterday for Nanaimo.

The bark Jessie Stowe, with a general cargo from this port, of which a quantity was salmon, arrived at Liverpool April 23rd.

The Geo. W. Elder arrived at 2:30 p.m. to-day from San Francisco, and after inspection by the health officer was ordered into quarantine.

The bark Viola was towed down from Burrard's Inlet, lumber laden, by the tug Pilot this morning and dropped anchor in Royal Roads. It is undecided whether she is bound to Australia or South America.

The tug Pilot left this morning for Nanaimo to tow down the John Worster, coal ladened for San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—Arrived: The steamer Columbia and ship Two Brothers, from Seattle; the bark Fresno, from Port Gamble; the brig Deacon, from Discovery. Sailed: The steamer Oregon, for Portland; the ship Harland and the bark Kilmar.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Mr. E. Johnson, S. M.)

Henry Quittenden, *alias* "Punch," drunk; bail ($5) estreated.

Johnnie, a Bella Bella, drunk; fined $5 or one week.

Peter Johnson, drunk; bail estreated.

Ah Sam, inflicting grievous bodily harm on Henry McDonald; remanded for eight days.

Ah Mow, obstructing the foot path; withdrawn.

Astonishing Success.

It is the duty of every person who has used *Boschee's German Syrup* to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 80,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the *German Syrup* cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, in the United States and Canada. *

Auction.

The Huson sale on store street will be continued. The balance of the stock of hardware, crockery, and glassware will be sold to-morrow at 11 a. m. by Mr. Geo. Byrnes.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall Street, New York.

NEW TO-DAY.

SALMON FISHING.

SEASON 1887.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,

WHARF STREET,

Have just received by Steamers and Railway their first shipment this season of

J. & W. STUART'S

Patent Double-Knotted Salmon Netting, Twines, &c.

ap21 1m eod ROBERT WARD & CO.

Men's Suits from $5 00
Boys' Suits from 2 00
Men's Pants from 1 50

—AT—

RUSSELL, McDONALD & Co.'s

Cheap Variety Store,

MASONIC BUILDING,

Douglas Street.

NEW TO-DAY.

G. BYRNES,

AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION

BANKRUPT STOCK

Tuesday, May 3rd, 11 a. m.

The balance of the Huson Estate will be sold on the premises,

STORE STREET,

CONSISTING OF

Hardware. Crockery. Glassware.

TERMS AT SALE.

GEO. BYRNES,

my 2 Auctioneer.

B. C. Milling and Mining Co.,

(LIMITED.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the British Columbia Milling and Mining Company (Limited), will be held at the Company's Office, in Victoria, B. C., on Monday the 13th day of June, 1887, at half-past Eleven o'clock, a. m., to take into consideration the propriety of passing such amendments to the 14th and other sections of the act of Incorporation and the Articles of Association as will enable the Company to take advantage of the Act of the Legislature of British Columbia, entitled "An Act to aid the development of Quartz Mines," No. 50, passed on the 5th April, 1887.

Shareholders who are unable to attend personally are requested to transmit their proxies to the undersigned.

By order of the Board of Directors.

GEO. A. SARGISON, Secretary.

Dated the 21st April 1887. my 2-dw

BOYS' & YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

200 Suits to Choose from.

—AT THE—

Mechanics' Cash Store

48 JOHNSON STREET,

mar11

NEW BINDERY

G. A. ROEDDE

ANNOUNCES THAT HE HAS STARTED A new Bindery and Blank Book Manufacturing establishment on the north side of Johnson street, between Broad and Douglas streets. He is a practical binder, having had a lengthened experience in the business in Europe and in America, and flatters himself that he can give entire satisfaction as regards price and quality of work. For a number of years he occupied prominent positions in leading binderies, in the east and in San Francisco. Fancy ornamental artistical flower and other work done in short notice and in the highest style of art. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. G. A. ROEDDE.

Johnson St, bet. Broad and Douglas, north side.

Victoria April 14. 1mo.

COOPER'S DIPPING POWDER,

Dissolves in Cold Water, and should be used **for Ticks, Fly, Scab and all other Sheep Dippping purposes.**

We have now a stock of this celebrated Powder and are prepared to supply it as required.

WELCH BETHUNE & CO.

apr 16-1mo Agents for B. C.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are required for the erection of a Two-story Frame Building for the Parsonage at Christ Church Cathedral.

The plans and specifications may be seen by enquiring for me (by permission of Mr. Dunsmuir) at the offices of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway. Tenders to be delivered to me before 5 p. m. on Friday, the 6th of May. No tender will be considered unless accompanied by a certificate of deposit of $100. The right of declining any tender reserved.

THOS. C. SORBY, Architect.

ap22 2i Vancouver.

Amusements.

WONDERFUL!

THE STONE MAN!

Is now on Exhibition at the

BEE HIVE,

FORT STREET. ap19 1m

May Festival!

OF THE

GERMAN LIEDERKRANZ.

MONDAY, MAY 2, 1887,

AT THE THEATRE COMIQUE.

Introduction of the German with all its comical variations. The paraphernalia has been imported directly from Berlin. The Queen City fall orchestra will furnish dance music. Between dances the Liederkranz will sing some choice male choruses.

Admission Gentlemen $2 refreshments included. Each applicant must be recommended by a member of the society. Tickets to be had of

JOHN KURTZ, JACOB SEHL.
JOHN WENGER. NEUFELDER & ROSS.

ap25

FIRST ANNIVERSARY SOCIAL

GIVEN BY MEMBERS OF

St. Joseph's Social & Literary Society,

Assisted by the young Ladies of St. Andrew's (R. C.) Congregation and several local Amateurs, at

THEATRE COMIQUE,

FORT STREET, ON

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 5th.

The Programme will comprise Vocal and Instrumental Music Recitations, Tableaux, &c. Admission (including refreshments, 50c; Children half-price. may2

I. O. O. F.

Picnic AND Regatta

—AT—

SHAWNIGAN LAKE,

—ON—

TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1887

The proceeds to be given to the Provincial

JUBILEE HOSPITAL FUNDS.

PROGRAMME OF SPORTS.

1. Four-oared Race, rowing from the gunwales, between crews of Lodges I. O. O. F. Prize, $25; entrance fee, $5. Three boats to enter or no race.
2. Single Sculls, outriggers, handicap, open to all comers. Morton Prize, $25; Second Prize $10, in case three boats enter. Entrance fee, $3.
3. Four-oared Race, rowing from the gunwales, handicap, open to all comers. First Prize, $25, Second Prize, $10. (Entrance fee, $4.00. Three boats to enter or no race.
4. Dinny Race, short course, handicap. First Prize, $5; Second Prize, $2.50. Entrance fee, 50c.
5. Punt Race, short course. First Prize, $5, Second Prize, $2.50. Entrance fee, 50c.
6. Swimming Match. First Prize, $5; Second Prize, $2.50. Competitors to be suitably attired to the satisfaction of the committee.
7. Walking Greasy Pole. Prize, $5. Competitors to be suitably attired to the satisfaction of the committee.

The Races to commence at One o'clock p.m.

The Committee will provide three Four-oared boats. The railway fare of boats will be borne by the committee if sent the day previously.

DANCING.

Fare for the Round Trip $1 50
Children under 10 25

RICHARD JONES, Hon. Sec'y.

ap22 td

RACES--MAY 24, 1887.

Victoria Driving Park, Cadboro Bay Road.

FIRST RACE—Colt Race, half mile, for 3-year olds; purse as per agreement with owners, with $50 added. SECOND RACE—Trotting, mile heats, best 2 in 3, for horses that have never beaten 3 minutes; Purse, $125. THIRD RACE—Trotting, mile heats, best 2 in 3; free to all comers; Purse, $200.

Four to enter and three to start in all races. Horses of different owners. Entries to be made at the Pritchard House on or before 22nd May. Entries to all purses 15 per cent. All disputes to be settled on the track by the Judges.

ap29 td TAIT & DAVIS.

AUCTION.

The undersigned has been instructed to sell,

SATURDAY, MAY 7th.

THE WHOLE OF THE

Horses, Harness, Carriages, Hacks, Buggies, Phetons, Cutters, Saddles, Bridles, and all the Fixtures connected with

Dalby's Eureka Livery Stables,

PANDORA STREET.

Any person requiring a good Family Horse will find some of the best in the city among this lot of Horses.

Also a gentle cow fit for a family.

Sale to commence at ELEVEN a. m.

W. R. CLARKE,

ap26 Auctioneer.

FOR SALE,

A MODERN TWO-STORY SEVEN-ROOMED

DWELLING HOUSE,

Fronting on John street in a commanding position. The property contains two full sized town lots enclosed as a garden. It has to be sold on account of the health of the owner. For particulars apply to H. F. HEISTERMAN,

apl6 1m Land Agent, Government St.

G. BYRNES,

AUCTIONEER.

VALUABLE

RealEstateSale

Barkerville, Quesnelle, Yale, New Westminster and Victoria City.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

JOSEPH GOETZ vs. LOO CHOCK FAN, and LOO CHEW FAN, Trading as Kwong Lee & Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made herein, and dated the 1st day of December, A. D. 1886, with the approbation of the Honorable Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie, Knight, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, there will be sold by public auction at my Salesroom, Fort and Langley streets, Victoria,

On Wednesday, the 18th of May,

A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, in 21 Lots, all the right, title, equity of redemption, and all other the interests of the defendants or either of them in the following freehold and leasehold property:—

FREEHOLD.

BARKERVILLE.

1. Lot 20, Block I.

QUESNELLEMOUTH.

2. Western portion of Lot 14, Block II—66 feet width by depth of 21 feet—on which is erected a substantial Storehouse.
3. Lot 16, Block II.
4. Lot 1, Block III.
5. (1) One twelfth part of the Bradley Nicholson Mining Co'ys claim.
(2) One sixth part of the Bradly-Nicholson Mining Co'ys claim.
(3) One eleventh part of the Bradley-Nicholson Mining Co'ys claim.
6. Beaver Lake Ranch, consisting of 320 acres in Alexandria District.

YALE.

7. Part of Lot 5, Block II, on which is a portion of a house.
8. Lots 7 and 8, Block II, on which are erected the old Kwong Lee & Co's Store House and a fine Stone Cellar.
9. Lot 9, Block II.
10. Lot 7, Block IV, on which are erected four small tenements.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

11. Lot 4, Block 24, Agnes Street.
12. Lot 11, Block 24, Prevost Street.
13. Lot 4, Block 17, Carnarvon Street.
14. Lot 18, Block 13, Clarkson Street.

VICTORIA CITY.

15. Lots 586, 587, 588 and West half of 589, on Cormorant Street, and 594, 595, 596 on Fisguard Street on which there is a mortgage to Roderick Finlayson for $6,000, payable 8th June, 1964, with interest at 2 per cent per month. Receipt for $2,000, dated 6th June, 1886, endorsed thereon. Also mortgage to Roderick Finlayson to secure payment of $14,250 on 15th November, 1888, with interest at 1 per cent per month. Also Lots 587 and 588 subject to the last mentioned mortgage for $11,400.
16. Westerly ½ of Lot 544, on south side of Fisguard Street; recorded memorandum by Loo Chock Fan, representing Kwong Lee & Co, purporting to convey (enter alia) said (part of said) Lot to Roderick Finlayson as security for payment of a promissory note for $8,000 and interest.
17. Lot 445 on South side of Fisguard street. On Lots 16 and 17 there are two wooden buildings that return a rental of $30 per month.
18. Lot 522 on south side of Cormorant street, on which is erected a large brick building, occupied by the firm of Kwong Lee & Co., and on the west side of this Lot there is a substantial brick wall erected suitable for a side wall for any building that may hereafter be erected thereon, and in which the firm of Kwong Lee & Co. have a half interest.

Mortgage to Lamuel Earney for $1,500, payable 2nd August, 1872, with interest at 10 per ct. per annum. Particulars as to the payment of this mortgage will be furnished on application.

19. Lot 438 and Westerly ½ of 439, on which there is a mortgage in favor of Rt. Rev. George Mills, P. O'Reilly and Wm. C. Ward, to secure payment of $3,500 on 5th June, 1886, with interest at 8 per ct. per annum. And a further charge to secure payment of $2,000. This property is covered with first class two story brick buildings, divided into four stores below, with rooms, &c., and returns rentals of $215 per month.

Lot 19 and the leasehold property next hereinafter mentioned have buildings consisting of several stores, numerous tenements and a theatre upon them, and have returned an average rental of $6,939 per annum for the past nineteen months.

Leasehold Property Situated in Victoria City.

20. Lots 581, 583, corner of Government and Cormorant streets, with brick buildings occupied by Sow Yuen & Co., and others, on a favorable lease.

Lots 600, 601, unimproved, corner of Government and Fisguard streets.

These four Lots are leased for a term of thirty years from Mr. Oliver.

21. Lot 599 on Fisguard street, with building thereon, is leased property from the estate of J. F. Davies.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had of the Auctioneer, or of Eberts & Taylor, Langley street, Victoria, Solicitors, or of Jas or Charles Prevost, the Receiver appointed herein.

GEO. BYRNES,

ap25 Auctioneer.

Buy Real Estate Now.

Two Stock Farms, cheap.
Good Sheep Run.
Several Valuable Farms.
Victoria City Property.
Vancouver do.
New Westminster do.

RAND BROS.,

Real Estate Brokers.

OFFICES—Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster. feb14 D&W tf

Citizens' Insurance Co OF CANADA.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Mr. M. E. DANSEREAU is no longer in the employ of this Company, and the firm of HART, INGLE & DANSEREAU is dissolved.

By order of the General Manager.

Victoria, B. C. E. A. HART,
27th April, 1887. Chief Agent C. I. Co.

ap27 6i

FRESH Baltimore Oysters,

BY EXPRESS, EVERY THREE DAYS, AT

R. Beauchamp's,

YATES STREET.

Finnan Haddies Have Arrived.

jan 13

A CARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED, J. C. SMITH, SON OF the late John Smith, desires to intimate to his friends and the public generally that he has recovered health sufficiently to enable him to resume his occupation of chimney sweeping, rug carpet beating, etc. Orders left at Langley's Grocery store, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, or at my residence, Cadiz street, will receive prompt attention.

apr 12-1m J. C. SMITH.

P. H. DONOVAN,

ARCHITECT,

Office Fort street Source Blanchard and Quadra.

VICTORIA, B. C.